TIMES OFFICE
No. 26 Broad St.
Opposite Driard.

Victoria Times.

FIVE YEARS AGO
The key to our door was lost. It has never since been found, consequently the P.P. P.P. has been open day and night all that time.
C. E. JONES, 36 Gov't St.

VOL. 21 VICTORIA B. C., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 23, 1895 No. 19

CHALLONER & MITCHELL
...Manufacturing...
JEWELERS.
47 Government St. - Opposite Bank of B.C.

THE WESTSIDE

That January "Joy Killer,"
Dull Trade, Has Been Driven Away.

After the reaction from Holiday activity we have used a stimulant on our stock. It has been often proved that the drawing power of Exceptional Value has made business until the Spring demand starts.

We have made prices talk for us as seldom before. Buyers have found out the excellent value obtained during the past week and we want to keep the people coming our way. Business is serious business. We don't believe in trifling with the public, nor in the folly of marking up in order to record a greater apparent reduction.

There is Plenty of Money

Where the last lot came from, and desiring to give our customers an extension of time in which to invest it to good advantage and to put "music into the march," we continue to sell

Dress Goods, Jackets, Mantles, Underwear, Etc., at Marked Reductions

42 in. Heavy Serges at 15c.
54 in. English Heavy Tweeds at 90c. worth from $1.50 to $2.25.
Elder Down Flannels at 35c. worth 60c.
Indigo Print at 12 yds. for $1.00
Watered Striped Silks at 50c. per yard.
Grey Flannels "The Real Makay," from 12 1-2c. per yard.
Flannelettes, 10, 16, and 18 yards for $1.00.
White Cottons, 10, 16, and 22 yards for $1.
Hochelega Sheetings, plain, 8-4, 21c.; 9-4, 26c.; 10-4, 31c. per pard.
Ginghams, 10, 12 and 16 yards for $1.00.
Oilcloth, 30c. per yard; spool cotton, best, 30c. per doz.
Tapestry covers from 25c. each; 500 cards Buttons at 10c. card of 2 doz.
Umbrellas from 50c.; Blankets, grey, from $1.00 per pair; white, from $2.10 per pair. Other goods in proportion.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

THE WESTSIDE, January 19, 1895.

FOR ONE MONTH . . .
Great reductions for cash in all lines of our Large and Complete Stock
A. GREGG & SON,
TAILORS, 62 Yates St.

COAL! COAL! COAL!
The Old Reliable Wellington Coal for Household Purposes.

Wellington and Comox nut coal at reasonable prices. Carload lots at special rates.

Rattray & Hall, Sole Agents, 100 GOVT. ST., TEL. NO. 83; 24 STORE ST., TEL. NO. 197.

C. H. STICKELS . . . . ROOMS: 19 to 22 . . . . Board of Trade Building.
CONSULTING ELECTRICAL ENGINEER & PURCHASING AGENT.
ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER APPARATUS AND SUPPLIES. . .
Estimates for complete electrical installations, either light or power. House wiring plans and superintendence a specialty. All wiring under my superintendence guaranteed.

NATIONAL POLICY TRIUMPH.

Twenty Thousand Peole Suffering From Want in Montreal.

Montreal, Jan. 23.—The recent labor demonstration by the unemployed has led a newspaper to make an investigation from which it concludes that the number of people suffering here from enforced idleness can safely be placed at twenty thousand. The charitable institutions will feel the distress only after the unemployed have exhausted their credit and the kindness of friends and relations. Two thousand families are being helped. This is larger than ever before and the suffering is greater than ever before.

LIBERALS IN CONFERENCE.

Discuss the Plans for the Coming Campaign.

Montreal, Jan. 23.—A number of Eastern Township Liberals are now in town, and were in private conference with Mr. Laurier this morning. It is understood that the plans for a general election campaign were discussed.

THE FIRE FIEND.

Destroys the Hudson Bay Store at Manitou, Man.

Manitou, Man., Jan. 23.—Fire started last evening at 8 o'clock in the Hudson Bay company's store, burning the store, the Stewart house and the county court office. The stock of the Hudson Bay company and the contents of the Stewart house were principally saved. Snow on the buildings, a favorable wind and heroic efforts saved further devastation. All the buildings and contents were saved.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

The Ancient Colony Is Considering Confederation.

St. John's, Nfld., Jan. 23.—A delegation consisting of Sir William Whiteway and Messrs. Bond and Morris will probably go to Ottawa next week to treat for terms under which the colony may enter the Canadian confederation, and the legislature will adjourn for a month to await their return, when it will consider the matter.

THE TROLLEY STRIKE.

Business is Completely Demoralized in Various Sections of the City.

Petitions Demand That Companies Operate Lines or Forfeit Their Charters.

New York, Jan. 23.—Many Knights of Labor are members of the regiments on duty in Brooklyn and are now there in arms against their brethren of district assembly No. 75. The law of the order to which its members are solemnly pledged, require that they shall assist each other in distress and danger. They have a system of signs and signals by which they recognize one another and when the sign of distress and danger is given by one knight it is the duty of his fellow to succor him. This danger sign is said to have been given by some of the knights and while a few soldiers have recognized them, many of them have not. The first of the assemblies of this city that will take action in the matter is No. 3906, known as the Progress Association of Steam Fitter's Helpers. Several of its members belong to regiments opposed to the strikers. At its regular meeting next Tuesday night, the Progress association will proceed against against those soldier knights of labor for alleged violation of their pledge in taking up arms against brother knights.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Jan. 23.—Cars are running on the majority of the roads this morning, but the companies are greatly hampered by extensive wire cutting which the strikers indulged in during the night. It was intended to start the cars on Third avenue this morning, and 75 non-union motormen and conductors were on hand ready to take out the cars, but the wires were found to be cut at several points along the line. The wires on the Bergin street line were cut in one or two places. At Troy avenue, between Herkimer and Fulton street, the wires were badly mutilated in several places, and the large cable running through Halsey street and North Strand avenue was broken. The Brooklyn Heights railroad denies that its linemen have struck, and claim that all are at work this morning repairing the gaps made in the wires by the strikers over night. Burnett O'Connor, 238 South Ninth street, was arrested this morning for cutting wires at Third avenue and Fifty-second street.

The Myrtle avenue line opened about 9 o'clock this morning. Three policemen guarded each car. Soldiers are stationed at all the cross streets for a distance of thirty blocks from the depot. Every window was ordered closed and no one allowed to stand in the street. The car went on its way down town without molestation.

At police headquarters this morning reports came in from nearly every part of the city that everything was quiet between midnight and 9 o'clock this morning. Linemen are at work repairing the broken trolley wires on Brooklyn Heights railroad company's road this morning, having apparently disregarded Master Workman Connolly's orders to go out to-day.

An order was issued at noon to-day by the executive committee of the linemen's association for the electrical workmen employed on the trolley lines to go out at once. It was reported at noon that two soldiers had fired at a house on Myrtle avenue near Knickerbocker. A German woman failed to close the window when ordered, owing, it is said, to her not being able to understand what was said. The soldiers who fired belonged to the Seventh regiment.

Car No. 304, Court street line, and 300, of Halsey street line, came down Third avenue to the Fifty-eight street depot, with twenty-five non-union men in each car drawn from the Court and Halsey street lines. Four police officers rode in each car, while two mounted policemen rode in the rear of each car. The cars were escorted by companies I and F of the Second regiment, while two other companies of the same regiment guarded the Fifty-eighth street depot. Both cars were run into the Fifty-eighth street depot through crowds of strikers, who jeered and hooted the non-union men. The strikers were driven off by troops. The windows and doors of houses in the vicinity were ordered closed. The police drove a number of workmen employed on some new buildings in the course of erection on Fifty-sixth and Fifty-seventh streets from the buildings and placed a guard of policemen there to prevent the strikers from carrying off the material used for the construction of the buildings for the purpose of obstructing the tracks. A committee of the citizens of the seventeenth war was appointed at a mass meeting held last night waited on the mayor and asked that immediate relief be afforded them. Rev. Dr. Layen was the principal speaker. The following resolutions, adopted at a meeting last night, were presented: "Resolved, that we protest against the monster monopoly of the railroad system of our city and that they be compelled by the city authorities to run their cars in compliance with their charters, that, in the event of their non-compliance, the city authorities take control of the roads so that the people may have immediate and permanent relief. It is now the ninth day since any car has been operated in the 17th ward and all business has been practically destroyed at a great loss to our citizens and we demand immediate relief."

TO-NIGHT
Burns' Anniversary Concert
Tickets can be had from
COCHRANE & MUNN, DRUGGISTS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY for any man. $600 will buy a business; bona fide reasons for selling. Address "Cash," Times office. j23-6t

FOR SALE—A orchestra grand pneumatic symphony self-playing organ by Wilcox & White; a bargain. T. W. Fletcher's music store. j22-2t

PYTHIAN HOME SOCIAL SERIES.
Anniversary Social Dance,
Castle Hall, Duck Building, Broad Street.
Wednesday Evening, February 6th, 1895.
Tickets, $150, including supper.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

Pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," and Amending Acts.

Notice is hereby given that Charles Russell and James McDonald, carrying on business at the City of Victoria, and at the City of Vancouver, in the Province of British Columbia, under the name, style and firm of Charles Russell, McDonald & Co., have by deed dated the 21st day of January, A.D. 1895, assigned all their and each of their real and personal estate whatsoever and wheresoever to Thomas Trevor Hull, of the said City of Victoria, accountant, for the purpose of paying and satisfying ratably and in proportion to their respective claims and debts and without preference or priority, the creditors of the said Charles Russell and James McDonald, and of the said Charles Russell, McDonald & Company. The said deed was executed by the said Charles Russell and James McDonald, the assignors, and by the said Thomas Trevor Hull, the assignee, on the 21st day of January, A.D. 1895, and the said assignee has undertaken and accepted the trust created by the said deed.

All persons having claims against the said assignors or the said Charles Russell, McDonald & Company must forward or deliver full particulars of claim duly verified to the undersigned on or before the 25th day of February, A.D. 1895 and all persons indebted to the said assignors or the said Charles Russell, McDonald & Company are requested to pay such indebtedness to the said assignee or to the undersigned forthwith. And notice is also hereby given that after the said 25th day of February, A.D. 1895, the assignee will proceed to distribute the assets amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the said assignee shall then have had notice, and that the said assignee will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim he shall not at the time of such distribution have had notice.

Dated this 23rd day of January, A.D. 1895.

A. L. BELYEA,
Solicitor for the Assignee, office 4 and 5 Board of Trade Building, Bastion Square, Victoria, B.C.

CREDITORS' MEETING.

A meeting of the creditors of the said assignors will be held at 58 Broad street, Victoria, B.C., on Wednesday, the 30th day of January, A.D. 1895, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

A. L. BELYEA,
Jan23-30t Solicitor for the Assignee.

AMERICAN ELECTIONS.

Names of the Successful Candidates Elected.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 23.—Shelby M. Collum was to-day elected senator to succeed himself.

St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 23.—Governor Nelson was to-day elected United States Senator in joint session.

Charleston, W. Va., Jan. 23.—Ex-Secretary of War Elkins was to-day elected senator on the first ballot.

Nashville, Tenn., Jan. 23.—The legislature to-day elected Isham G. Harris, Democrat, to succeed himself in the U. S. senate.

Topeka, Kas., Jan. 23.—At noon to-day Lucien Baker was elected senator to succeed John Martin.

San Francisco, Jan. 23.—Judge Stack to-day decided that the executor of the estate of the late ex-Senator James G. Fair need not produce in court as demanded the various wills executed by Fair prior to Dec. 21 last. The court also denied the children an inspection of the documents. The matter will be taken to the supreme court.

Sacramento, Cal., Jan. 23.—In the assembly this morning a motion to refer to the committee on public morals a resolution of Ewing of San Francisco providing for the appointment of a Lexow committee to investigate the San Francisco police force was lost. The resolution was then made a special order for to-morrow. Both houses of the legislature assembled in joint session at noon to-day and formally elected George S. Perkins.

HEAVY SNOW FALL.

Twenty-Two Feet on the Level on the Shasta Route.

San Francisco, Jan. 23.—Severe snow storms have been raging along the line of the Central Pacific for the last twenty-four hours. The snow is twenty-two feet deep on the level at Summit on the Shasta route. Formidable falls of snow occurred at the upper soda springs near Dunsmuir, burying the tracks sixty feet deep under snow, bushes and rocks.

LAWYER BROWN DISCHARGED.

Threatens an Action for Perjury and Conspiracy.

Woodstock, Jan. 23—Lawyer Brown charged with attempting to defeat the ends of justice in endeavoring to induce L. Ling, the principal witness in the Hartley poisoning case, to leave the country, was discharged to-day. Brown threatens an action against Detective Rogers for alleged perjury and conspiracy.

CABLE DISPATCHES.

William O'Brien States That There Will be a Famine in Western Ireland.

Salisbury Rounding Up Conservative Lords for Opening of Parliament.

London, Jan. 23.—Wm. O'Brien, M. P., has written a letter to Freeman's Journal stating that a famine is threatened in the west of Ireland. He declares the situation there already more serious than in 1891, when Chief Secretary Balfour expended five million dollars from the British treasury to relieve the sufferings of the people of that region.

General Sir H. F. Ponsonby, the private secretary to the Queen, who was recently stricken with paralysis, is steadily progressing toward recovery.

The Daily News' correspondent in Vienna, says it is reported from Massowah in East Africa, that Slatin Bey has escaped from Omdurman. The News' corespondent is informed that the report is generally believed in Kassala.

A St. Petersburg dispatch says: The physicians attending M. De Giers, minister of foreign affairs, say that he is worse this evening.

Lord Salisbury, as Conservative leader in the House of Lords, has sent circulars to his followers saying that the nature of the business that will come before them makes it desirable that they be in their places at the opening of the coming session of parliament.

FRANCE'S WINE CROP.

Over a Billion Gallons on the Continent and More on Islands.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 23.—The department of state has received a report on the wine crop of France for 1894 from Consul Wiley, at Bordeaux, which shows that the vintage amounted to 1,165,378,000 gallons or only 286,442,000 gallons less than 1893, which was exceptionally large. Last year's crop produced 228,000,000 gallons in excess of the average quantity made during the past decade. During 1894 the island of Corsica produced 7,800,000 gallons and the province of Algeria 94,392,000 gallons in addition to that made in continental France. The approximate value of the entire crop is placed at $185,800,000 or an average of about 16 cents a gallon.

THE SEAL FISHERY.

Reported Arangement Between England and the United States.

Ottawa, Jan. 22.—A dispatch from Washington stating that Great Britain and the United States have agreed upon regulations which are to govern the Behring Sea seal fisheries during the season of 1895 has created considerable surprise here. Minister Tupper says he cannot believe the statement to be true. Canada has objected to a provision for the seizure of arms on Canadian boats and strong representations were recently forwarded to the home government pointing out the injustice which a provision of this kind worked last year in regard to Canadian sealing vessels, and protesting against a similar arrangement being made for the coming season.

Ottawa, Jan. 23.—Premier Bowell, who was attending a meeting of the treasury board this forenoon, was asked by your correspondent what truth there was in the report in to-day's Montreal Gazette that parliament would meet on the 21st of February. Sir Mackenzie replied that no date had been fixed for the meeting of parliament. It, however, looks more like a session now than a few days ago, but still the matter is not finally settled.

Shaughnessy, vice-president of the C. P. R., is here in connection with business with the government.

Father Adard of St. Boniface has presented the petition of the hierarchy re the Manitoba schools to Sir Mackenzie Bowell.

It is reported to-day that the house will likely meet on the 21st of February and that the elections will follow the session.

TORONTO TOPICS.

Editor of the 'Varsity Will Resign and Apologize.

Toronto, Jan. 23.—Editor Montgomery, of the 'Varsity, has stated that he made some errors in the editorial criticizing the Toronto university council. He has announced his intention to the students of resigning so that the 'Varsity might not have to apologize and to apologize over his own name. This announcement is entirely unexpected. The students decided that the editor might retract the mis-statements, but no apology should be made. The university council has published a statement that the trouble is purely a matter of discipline and it is untrue that the council is cancelling the programme of the students' society and have cast a designed reflection on the working element of Toronto, and that the whole trouble appears to be due to a misunderstanding.

—The secretary of state for war has approved of the extension of the contract with the Victoria Transfer company for land transport in connection with the fortifications at Macaulay point.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

DROWNED IN THE OHIO

The Fate of a Large Number of People on One of the River Steamers.

State of Missouri Struck a Rock and Went to the Bottom in a Few Minutes.

Owensboro, Ky., Jan. 20.—Brief and fragmentary details of the destruction of the big passenger steamer State of Missouri on Saturday evening about six o'clock at Alton, Ind., one hundred miles above here, have been received. She struck a rock and sank in 50 feet of water. The report says that at least 37 passengers were drowned but no names were given. The State of Missouri was a very long stern-wheeler plying between Cincinnati and New Orleans. She had on board a fairly large cargo of freight and besides the passengers had a crew of 60. At Alton the river narrows and the water being high an extremely swift current results. This threw the stern of the boat in towards the Indiana shore. Before the pilot could gain the control of the boat, she hit a rock, tearing a long hole in the hold at the water line. The shock was terrific and the boat trembled from bow to stern. Consternation seized upon the passengers and in a moment they were frantic. Without regard to consequences they rushed to the upper decks in the hope of delaying the inevitable, as the boat was rapidly sinking. Women and children were trampled upon, but it is believed all got out of the cabin. Then the scramble for seats in the yawls began. It was a fight for life, in which many combatants are believed to have gone to their death. The first yawl launched was sunk within twenty feet of where it struck the water. It is believed everyone in it was drowned in sight of the affrighted people huddled together on the sinking ship. A second yawl was then pushed off. It contained four women. This is believed to have reached shore. Just when there seemed some hope that by means of this yawl the passengers could be saved, the steamer gave another terrific lurch and broke in pieces and in ten minutes from the time the rock was struck nothing but the hull remained. The cabin and pilot house floated away, dragging into the water everyone upon it. The light freight was washed from the main deck and upon this men, women and children clung, as best they could, many, however, only to fall back into the cold water. Several succeeded by this way in getting into the trees and willows and were saved by farmers and passing steamers. On the City of Owensboro, which passed here to-night, were four of the passengers who had been rescued from the water. Two of them were W. C. Leathers and Mr. Gregory. The names of the other two could not be learned. Mr. Leathers thinks at least 35 people were drowned. He saw four men go under within five feet of him, but the current was so swift he could render no assistance. Mr. Leathers says there were fifteen cabin pasengers, thirty deck passengers and a crew of sixty on board. The steamer Tell City, bound for Louisville, hove in sight early this morning and took most of the survivors to Louisville. The terrific current running at the time can be partly appreciated by the fact that the wreckage began passing here early to-day which would indicate at least ten miles an hour. The normal is about four miles.

Evansville, Ind., Jan. 20.—Meagre particulars of the disaster to the steamer State of Missouri reached this city this afternoon by the steamer City of Owensboro. The Missouri left Louisville at ten o'clock Saturday morning and passed Wolf Creek at about 5:30 p.m. After striking the boat drifted off and sank in five minutes in 50 feet of water. The people aboard had no time to prepare for their safety, and officers, passengers and crew seized anything in sight that would keep them above water and Captain Joe Conlon, Werman, first clerk, and Howard, the second clerk, who is a nephew of Captain Ben Howard and a brother of Captain Jim Howard, of the steamer John S. Hopkins, with five lady passengers and pilot Pell managed to reach shore uninjured. The second mate and engineer on watch were picked up by the steamer Tell City and the City of Owensboro picked up four men and left them at Owensboro. The others, thirty-five to forty in number, including male passengers and members of the crew it is believed went down with the vessel and when the Owensboro passed Wolf creek the people were greatly excited. They could tell but little about the terrible affair and did not know the names of the rescued ladies or those who were thought to have been drowned. The Owensboro left Louisville Saturday at 4 p.m., bound for this point and passed Wolf Creek about ten o'clock. After leaving the scene of the wreck parts of the unfortunate vessel and her cargo were sighted as far down the river as Rockport where the pilot house was noticed floating slowly down the river. In the vicinity of the wreck and at Troy the river was dotted with skiffs, the occupants picking up the floating articles of the cargo and furnishings of the boat. Captain Conlon and others who reached shore were cared for by Mr. Harden, who resides there and later were taken to Alton, three miles below. Thence they proceeded to Louisville. Wolf Creek is 75 miles below Louisville.

This was the first trip of the season for the Missouri. The wrecked boat belonged to the White Star line (Cincinnati and Memphis Packet company). She was about four years old, and was built when the A. L. Mason and the State of Kansas, stern wheel boats, were constructed for the St. Louis aand Kansas City Merchants' line. The three boats cost $90,000. They were too large for the river service between these points and the Mason sank while working in the trade two years ago. The Kansas is now left alone. The Missouri, it is stated, was well insured. Captain Conlon, master of the vessel, is only 28 years old, but is an experienced river man and very popular.

Louisville, Ky., Jan. 20.—The steamer Tell City arrived here at 7 o'clock tonight and brought 27 members of the deck crew of the ill fated Missouri. Sam Cook, colored, gave the following version of the accident:

We were passing down Wolf creek reach under a full head of steam, and for some reason Pilot Jim Pell, who was at the wheel, moved across the river from the Indiana to the Kentucky shore and a massive rock loomed up near the water's edge, and for a time the men on the deck thought he was going to run into it head first, but he managed to swing the boat's head out, but she struck hard against the rock just a little ahead of the larboard engine, and seeing and knowing that a big damage had been done I seized a headline as the boat's nose swung back to the shore, and I leaped into the water waist deep, carrying the line with me. I tied the end around a tree, but it was rotten and soon gave way, and then the boat's head swung out into the river again and her boilers raised up on their rear ends, and in less than twenty minutes the boat had gone to pieces. Meantime the men named saved themselves by jumping into the water and swimming ashore. Being on the shore I had the best view of the wreck of anybody, and I counted twelve persons, including four lady passengers, who were carried away in the wreck.

From my experience as a steamboat man I am satisfied that the boat ran away from the pilot, as she had only three blades to her rudder. I do not think the clerk had time to save the books, as everybody did their best to save their lives. I am under the impression that all the boat's officers were saved. Among the members of the crew whom we believe to be lost are William Rucker and George Taylor, a colored man known only as Kid, whose home is at Vicksburg.

FRIGHTFUL DISASTER.

Tower of Kuchan Again Destroyed by an Earthquake.

London, Jan. 22.—The Times has a dispatch from Teheran, the capital of Persia, stating that the town of Kuchan, which was destroyed by an earthquake fourteen months ago, and which was subsequently rebuilt, was again destroyed by an earthquake shock on Thursday last. There was, as on the previous occasion, great loss of life. One hundred women who were in a bathhouse were crushed to death by the falling building. The weather was intensely cold, and this increases the sufferings of the survivors, whose houses were destroyed. The dispatch adds that four distinct shocks were felt at Meshed within three days. None of these shocks, however, were of sufficient strength to do any damage. Kuchan lies at the foot of the Shah Jahan Kuh, a mountain 11,000 feet high. The town, which is about eight miles northwest of Meshed, is 3500 feet above sea level. It is, or was, an important place, being on the route to Shirvan. The population, prior to the earthquake of 1893, which destroyed every house in the place, was between twenty and twenty-five thousand people. The official report of the disaster places the number of persons killed at twelve thousand. Fifty thousand head of cattle perished in the valley at the head of which Kuchan is situated. From November 7 to 27 there were 127 distinct shocks. It was the first shock that detroyed the town.

INDICTMENTS GALORE.

New York's Finest to Suffer for Their Wrong Doing.

New York, Jan. 22.—More excitement than the department has had in years was created among the ranks of the police department yesterday when it became known that 72 indictments had been found by the oyer and terminer grand jury. It is said these indictments are for police officials, as well as for patrolmen and others who have testified before the Lexow commission, or whose names have been brought before that body in an unfavorable light. Most of the indictments are for bribery. Warrants are to be issued immediately, and the batch will be sent as soon as they are made out to police headquarters, to be served by the central office detective sergeants.

VICE-CONSUL DISMISSED.

Spanish Vice-Consul Borden Relieved of His Commission.

Ferandia, Fla., Jan. 23.—Senor Peticento, consul-general of Spain at Savannah, acting under the instructions of the Spanish minister, yesterday relieved N. B. Borden of his commission as vice-consul of Spain at Ferandia. Borden has been vice-consul here of several foreign governments, most of which have extensive commercial interests in the West Indies. There is a report current that all the other governments which Borden represented will follow the lead of Spain and dismiss him from their service. Petiento and Vice-Consul Lorreaz of Brunswick, Ga., will remain here a week or more, and will make a thorough investigation of the Mantell filibustering enterprise. Borden declines to discuss the mater.

A SCHEME THAT FAILED.

Dynamite Substituted for Powder in Cartridges of Revolutionists.

Panama, Jan. 22.—The Star and Herald of this date publishes the following: "Gen. Caceres, president of Peru, has failed in carrying out a scheme of his which might have wrought great damage in the ranks of the revolutionists. He conceived the plan of manfacturing cartridges of dynamite instead of powder which private agents of the government sold to revolutionists. But the revolutionary committee, it would appear, test all their munitions before using the same, and the awful plot was discovered in time to prevent what would have resulted in a panic among the revolutionary forces."

THE BRAND....

Is to the box of matches what the artist's name is to a painting, determining at once its merit and value.

The test of half a century's continued use has proved the true worth of

E. B. EDDY'S MATCHES.

NEWSPAPERS SCORED.

Clergy of St. John's Think the Press is Too Outspoken.

St. Johns, Nfld., Jan. 22.—The clergy of all denominations took concerted action on Sunday to end what they consider the undue license of the local press in its criticisms of public men and measures. Resolutions condemning the press, protesting against its abuse, recrimination and falsehood and inviting the people to unite in discountenancing such conduct, was heard from all the pulpits by prior arrangements. The newspapers were handled unsparingly, everyone of them being treated alike. The comments of the clergymen after reading the resolutions were also denunciatory.

BARRACKS BURNED.

Fear That the Soldiers Will be Removed to Another Post.

Port Townsend, Jan. 22.—The barracks and commissary department at Fort Townsend were burned to the ground on Sunday night, nearly all of the soldiers' personal effects and camp equipage being lost. The flames also ignited the ammunition magazine, and several thousand cartridges exploded out did no injury. The fire was caused by the explosion of a lamp. The buildings were very old and dilapidated. The loss is about $5000.

The people of Port Townsend are apprehensive lest the war department will decline to replace the burned buildings and order the troops to some other barracks. Such a recommendation was recently made and favorably considered. The site here is the finest on Puget Sound for a military post, and in close proximity to the frontier, so as to assist in repelling an enemy in time of war. The site consists of 640 acres, partly cleared and improved land.

LIVE BIRD SHOOT.

Ed. Barlow Fails to Kill Eighty-Two Out of One Hundred.

Seattle, Jan. 22.—The live bird shoot at West Seattle on Sunday drew the largest crowd of spectators that has ever attended a one day's shoot in this city. About 250 people were present to see Ed. Barlow of Port Orchard do his best to kill 82 out of 100 selected pigeons.

He shot well considering the hard birds trapped for him, making some beautiful kills, but missed 19 out of 61, thus making it impossible to kill the required number.

About 500 birds were trapped and they were as hard a lot of flyers as ever left trap in the Pacific northwest. A slight breeze from the south helped the birds considerably in the afternoon and very few straight scores were made.

As a result of the shoot another match has been arranged, which will be the biggest pigeon match ever shot on the Pacific coast. The following are the conditions of the coming match:

One hundred pigeons to each man, $500 a side. American Shooting association rules, ground traps to be used.

Stevens of this city and Ed. Barlow of Port Orchard are the contestants and the match will be shot in Tacoma on February 17. The articles have been drawn up and signed and forfeits posted.

ROMANCE OF THE MOUNTAINS.

Story of a Fugitive and the Disappearance of His Daughter.

The death of Mrs. Jennie Hoar at her mountain cottage near of Jumonville, removes one of the most romantic characters that ever dwelt in the mountains of Fayette county, Pa. She was born where she died, and her sorrowfully romantic life covered a term of ninety-three years.

Seventy years ago, says the Pittsburg Dispatch, there came to the county named from Massachusetts a young man named James Hoar, son of a prominent citizen of Boston, educated at one of the leading eastern colleges. Beyond this nothing could be learned of his life. He secured work as a day laborer at the old Wharton furnace. Everything about this stranger bespoke the gentleman of leisure. This fact, added to the mystery of his life, led to the conclusion that he had left Massachusetts for reasons which he did not care to divulge.

One day as he was handling a large piece of metal it fell and broke his leg. He was taken to the home of Benjamin Bronson. Bronson had a daughter named Jennie, a typical country girl. When Hoar was taken to her home her a pare Hoar was taken to her home her spare arrival. After the patient was able to be about his attentions to Jennie became apparent, and a quiet wedding followed. They took up their abode in a little log house about a mile east of Dunbar. A household of children came to their fireside. James Hoar had become a typical woodsman, and many stories of his prowess as an athlete are still told.

The tranquility of the little mountain home was broken by the appearance of a Southern planter named Le Clair. He was accompanied by his wife, and together they secured quarters at Hoar's cabin. The latter had a daughter. Le Clair pretended to have become enamoured of the fair-haired mountain girl. The secret of his pretended love was kept from his wife, and when the Le Clairs left she disappeared. What became of her is still a mystery, and it is believed she was kidnapped by the Le Clairs and taken south.

The broken hearted mother never recovered from the loss, and from that time life for her was one long sorrow. James Hoar died at the age of 85. It was known that his connection with some of the Cape Cod pirates drove him into this mountain exile. He was a cousin of Senator Hoar of Massachusetts. Jennie Hoar made a livelihood after the death of her husband by selling roots and herbs.

CONSUMPTION OF GLASS.

Great Quantities Of It Used in Electrical Work.

The consumption of glass in electrical work is very large, and of late years has led to many innovations. At one time it was confined chiefly to the large disks in frictional machines the jars for telegraph batteries and insulators. Now it is extensively employed for the jars of storage batteries, switches, conduit tubing, the bulbs of incandescent lamps, the globes of arc lights and many other purposes. Some of the storage batteries of modern times are large enough for baths, and it can readily be conceived that the glass must be well made for such work. Not long ago the bulbs of incandescent lamps were blown at the factories, but now the lamp works buy them in barrels, just like so many oranges, and the moulded glass is said to answer admirably. A recent novelty has been the use of moulded bulbs on which some pattern is imprinted. The effect is very pretty, and is chiefly obtained, as hitherto this could only be obtained by putting over the ordinary bulb a case or shade of cut or moulded glass, which, of course, lessened the light giving value of the lamp. In arc lighting the globes remain much the same as when the lamps were introduced fifteen years ago, except that attempts are made to use panes instead of one perfect globe. The lenses and other glasses for American search lights have been imported until lately, but are now made of excellent quality of glass in this country.

Broken in Health

That Tired Feeling, Constipation and Pain in the Back

Appetite and Health Restored by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Mr. Chas. Steele
St. Catherine's, Ont.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"For a number of years I have been troubled with a general tired feeling, shortness of breath, pain in the back, and constipation. I could get only little rest at night on account of the pain and had no appetite whatever. I was that tired in my limbs that I gave out before half the day was gone. I tried a great number of medicines but did not get any permanent relief from any

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

source until, upon recommendation of a friend, I purchased a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla, which made me feel better at once. I have continued its use, having taken three bottles, and

I Feel Like a New Man.

I have a good appetite, feel as strong as ever I did, and enjoy perfect rest at night. I have much pleasure in recommending Hood's Sarsaparilla." CHARLES STEELE, with Erie Preserving Co., St. Catherine's, Ontario.

Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient, yet easy in action. Sold by all druggists. 25c.

GROCERIES.

Whether the pretty sibyl can read the future in the tea grounds is a question; but there's no question but there's a happy satisfaction for those who drink our tea.

Besides our own blends of teas, we carry a full supply of Lipton's.

R. H. JAMESON,
Red Front Store, 33 Fort St.

Xmas Fruit.

CURRANTS AND RAISINS

Just arrived and thoroughly cleaned in our fruit cleaning machine. We guarantee the prices right and quality best at

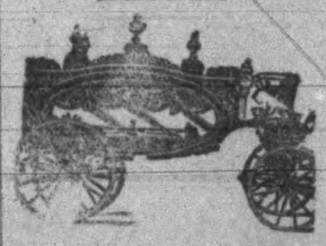
JOHN'S BROS.,
261 Douglas St., Cor. Kings Road.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use
IS THE BEST.
Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other
Manufactured by
RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867.)



Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government Street, Victoria.

FUEL.

COAL. COAL.

Go to 28 Yates Street for Wellington Coal

Telephone No. 449.

G. GAWLEY.

To The Public.

Having purchased from Mr. S. F. McIntosh his coal and wood business, I am prepared to deliver to any part of the city.

No. 1 Dry Cordwood $3-50 per cord.
Best Wellington Coal at $7 per ton.

Terms, Spot Cash. Prompt and careful delivery. Full weight and measure guaranteed.

The above will be carried on in connection with my present business at the Rock Bay Lumber Yard, which will be known in future as the ROCK BAY COAL, WOOD AND LUMBER YARD.

Soliciting a share of your esteemed patronage, I remain, yours faithfully,
EWEN MORRISON.

Office and yard, end of Rock Bay Bridge. Mills, Sidney, B.C.
Telephone 502. nov6-tf

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.

THE SOURCE OF DISEASE.

How It Can Be Warded Off and Robust Health Maintained—A Young Lady Tells the Secret of Her Renewed Health.

It is almost appalling to think of the number of women and young girls of one's acquaintance who are pale, often emaciated, subject to fits of depression, headache and violent palpitation of the heart on slight exertion. Physicians tell us that these troubles are due to anaemia or in other words poverty of the blood, and we can well believe it, for it is beyond doubt that impure or watery blood is the origin of nearly every disease that afflicts mankind, and if the cause is removed—that is if the blood is strengthened and enriched—the disease soon vanishes, and the joyous spirits, bright eyes and rosy cheeks follow. Among all the discoveries of medical science for building up and restoring the blood and driving out or warding off disease there is no other takes such high rank as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. They cure when other remedies fail, and thousands of grateful people in all parts of the country have testified in the strongest terms as to the benefits they have derived from the use of Pink Pills. Among these grateful, truthful words of praise may be placed the following letter from Miss Cynthia Holmes, of Holmesville, N. S.:

"Some three years ago I began to have poor health. My system was badly run down, I was weak, lost my appetite, had no ambition, and was unable to do my work about the house. Failing to receive help from doctors, I tried a number of advertised remedies, but without avail, and I almost despaired of being cured. Having read so much concerning Pink Pills, I decided to give them a thorough trial, and can truthfully say that their action in my case has been wonderful. After the use of five boxes I found myself enjoying once more the best of health and I feel that my cure is permanent. I have since recommended Pink Pills to a number in this vicinity, and know that they have proved a blessing in each case, and I trust they will long enjoy the prosperity they deserve."

FLASHLIGHT PHOTOGRAPHY.

Animals Object to Having Pictures Taken by the Magnesium Light.

Flashlight photography is now the craze among the Four Hundred. Dinner parties and other social gatherings are flashed and "taken" by skillful amateurs who delight in doing such work. The outfit for this branch of photography is more or less complicated, according to the taste of the operator.

A camera and wide angle lens with the usual supply of sensitive plates is part of the outfit that cannot be dispensed with. A lamp for the magnesium powder is often used. This, however, is not absolutely essential, as a prepared powder which can be fired without the use of a lamp, has done good service since its introduction, two years ago.

The principal objection to explosive powder is the dense, greasy smoke, which fills the room and remains there sometimes for long after it has been ignited. The lamp is much cleaner, and on that account stands high in the amateur's estimation. It is a nickel-plated affair, and is fashioned somewhat like a student's lamp. The barrel holds the pure magnesium powder, which is blown through a flame of alcohol until sufficient light is obtained to fix the picture on the sensitive plate. A wad of cotton or some similar material is saturated with alcohol, which when lighted burns slowly; the magnesium, passing through its flame, burns with far greater brilliancy than can be obtained by electricity.

Animals have a peculiar aversion to being photographed by flashlight. While taking a room on Fifth avenue a few days ago one of the most successful amateurs in the city had a narrow escape from being mangled by a large mastiff that lay unnoticed in a corner while he got his instrument in position. When the flash went off the dog sprang at the camera, barely missing the operator. Dog and camera rolled on the floor. When the dense smoke cleared away, the camera was in small sections, the focussing cloth was torn to pieces, but, strange to say, the exposed plate suffered no injury, and when developed showed the dog in the act of making ready for a spring.

Another amateur a few days ago was called upon to photograph three little puppies, with their mother snugly ensconced in the corner of a sofa. The flash was explosive and instantaneous, and the effect was electrical. The mother dog went through the plate glass window, while the puppies were scattered in different directions and whined as if in great distress.

A cat went crazy after being photographed by flashlight in a private art studio up town a few weeks ago, and had to be killed.

The intensity of the flashlight can be guessed from the fact that magnesium when burning is ten thousand times hotter than red hot iron, and will burn a hole in the strongest asbestos. A photograph can be made by its light in the one-thousandth part of a second.—New York Times.

THE SKATER'S PARADISE.

Holland the Country Where All Skate When There Is Ice.

Holland is the paradise of skaters. In that odd country, "where up trains run on the down line, and the cows are tied to the ceiling by their tails," a great many things go by contraries, and skating is one of them. The weary waiting for a black frost to solidify the waters of deep lakes and treacherous ponds, which in England tantalizes the possessor of "Acmes," prevents his sleeping o' nights and drives skate makers to suicide, is to the Dutchman an unknown mortification, says an English writer.

Skating is, indeed, almost the only violent exercise for which the Dutchman has any liking, and in the winter he holds high carnival on the ice. The number of skating clubs between Northern Brabant and Groningen is infinite; but it is in the provinces north of the Zuyder Zee Friesland and Groningen—that the best skaters are to be found. These are the classical training grounds of the Dutch ice artists.

When there is a likelihood of a frost the only thing necessary to secure a good "surface" is to open the sluices used for irrigation and inundate the great meadows. This operation is superintended by the representatives of the skating clubs in the neighborhood. A place of some six or eight thousand feet in circumference is staked around a given point, the water is allowed to flow in until it is of convenient depth, and the sluices are then closed. Directly the ice is sufficiently thick a number of workmen are told off to keep it clear of snow, should any fall, and to sweep it carefully at frequent intervals.

Then begin a succession of skating competitions. These competitions are got up by the local skating club; sometimes they are international, but clubs and individuals are constantly competing among themselves. The prizes offered on these occasions are often of a considerable money value, and the sums for providing them are supplied by the small sum charged for admission to the skating ground and the entrance fee paid by the competitors. All the world skates when there is ice, for skating is a universal accomplishment among all classes; and the buxom—almost too buxom—Dutch ladies glide along with an ease and grace which comes as a surprise to the foreigner, who has marked the awkwardness of their carriage in the streets.

The best skaters, and those who carry off the largest number of prizes, are usually crack members of crack clubs. As soon as the competitions and the value of the prizes are announced the clubs scrutinize the lists and decide what prizes their members shall compete for. Those who are to represent the club are, of course, chosen for their skill. Each society is, therefore, certain of being represented by its best men.

As all the expenses of the representative to, from and during a competition are paid by the club, the rank and file of the members have an inducement to excel likewise for it is possible in this way to obtain a good many pleasant holidays in the course of a winter without spending anything. The money won becomes the property of the club, and at the end of the season is spent in some form of entertainment, a small balance only being carried over to the following winter.

The competitions are usually of three classes—swiftness, elegance and the clearing of obstacles. The latter is amusingly difficult, even to experts; yet there are in Holland a large number of skaters who can with ease and grace clear, in full career, the straw-covered spaces intended to represent natural obstacles on the ice.

THE BRITISH FARMER.

A Tory Paper Derides the Protection Idea as a Remedy.

The People, a London weekly paper of the Tory-Democrat persuasion, thus talks of the situation of the British farmer.

"There is, unfortunately, no possibility of denying the fact that the British farmer is in a bad way. The note of despondency which characterized the speeches at the dinner of the Farmers' club and the associated chambers of agriculture was the inevitable result of a state of affairs which is too obvious, as it is too serious, to be overlooked by even the most superficial observer. Mr. Chaplin mournfully contrasted the present depression with the state of the case twenty years ago, when, as he said, "we in England had reached the very summit of agricultural prosperity." It is worth while to note that Mr. Chaplin, once the ardent supporter of protection, has now been driven to confess that in those countries which have not been converted to the principle of free trade the case of the farmer is even more desperate than it is in England. The example of foreign countries proves that the imposition of heavy protective duties upon imported agricultural produce is not a guarantee of agricultural prosperity. Where, then, is the remedy to be found? We confess that we cannot derive much consolation from the suggestions of Mr. Chaplin or Mr. Gardner. The ex-minister of agriculture is of opinion that the disastrous fall in prices which is ruining the farmers is due to the change in the value of money which took place when the American and European continent abandoned the bimetallic system. Bimetallism, therefore, is Mr. Chaplin's remedy. 'Tis but cold comfort. Mr. Gardner, Mr. Chaplin's successor in office, is scarcely more practical. A man must indeed be pretty hard up for a suggestion when he gravely informs an audience of farmers to go in for the study of botany! The truth is that there is no saving virtue either in botany or bimetallism. All that the farmer can do is to look about him for crops that it will pay him to grow since wheat is no longer remunerative. That, and that alone, is the true remedy for the depression, and it can only be an effectual remedy when it is applied intelligently and unremittingly. Times have changed, and if the farmer is to keep up with the times he must change his methods with them."

Pure blood is absolutely necessary to enjoy perfect health. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and strengthens the system.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

EQUAL TO THE OCCASION.

How the Drummer's Wife Found Her Liege in New York.

"I have a wife that beats the world," remarked the drummer in a prefatory kind of way.

"Including yourself?" inquired the hotel clerk.

"Mentally and morally, yes; but not physically, though I am not so sure about that that I would provoke her enough to find out. Any way, she's a daisy," he went on, "and I will give you an example of what a Napoleoness she is under difficulties. Last summer I was in New York and she was stopping in New Hampshire. For some reason she took a notion to come down where I was, and when she got to the place where I had been stopping I wasn't there, as I had changed my boarding house. The landlady didn't know where I was, and I hadn't told my wife about moving, for I did not expect her to come for a week or so later, and was going to write her. Well, when she got there and could not find me she was stumped, for a lone woman is decidedly lone in a big town like New York. But my wife is not one of the kind to sit down and cry. On the other hand, she got up straight and began to think how to find me; and she did it in a manner that was surprising. It was about 4 o'clock when she came into town, by 5 she had completed her scheme and that evening about 7, as I was talking to a friend in front of the Fifth avenue hotel, I happened to be looking at that stereopticon advertisement show, just below Twentieth street, on that high building, and, by the powers, the first thing I knew, something was on the screen that almost took my breath away."

"Look at that," says I to my friend.

"What is it?" says he.

"Read the message on the screen," says I.

"W. H. Blank is wanted at his late boarding house on Sixty-third street. Mary."

"By gum, old man," says he, "that's you."

"Right you are," says I, "and in a very few minutes I was there and found my wife waiting for me, and tickled almost to death over the original way of finding me. Do you know of any other woman in this country, or any other," concluded the drummer, "that would have thought of such a detective agency as that to find a lost husband?" and the hotel clerk wanted to take up a collection among the married men of the hotel for a medal.

A MAMMOTH PEARL.

It Was Produced by the Strategical Method.

"An extraordinary treasure, illustrating the successful manner in which gems can sometimes be produced by the 'strategical process,' was lately shown by the Smithsonian institution. This was a pearl, the size of a pigeon's egg, of exquisite rose color, and the receptacle containing it was the original fresh water mussel in which it had been formed. The nucleus of this wonderful stone was nothing more nor less than an oval lump of beeswax which had been placed and left for a few years between the valves of the mollusk, which had at once proceeded to coat it with the pink nacre it secreted for lining its shell. The mussel was kept in an aquarium while engaged in its lengthy task. It belonged to species common in American rivers, and it is suggested that the result of the experiment opens to everybody the possibility of establishing a small pearl factory for himself, by keeping a tank full of mussels, and humbugging them into making great pink pearls for him. But the intended experimentalist is cautioned against avarice; the nucleus must be introduced well under the mantle of the creature, and above all, it must not be too large."

"Commend Me

to Your Honorable Wife"
—Merchant of Venice.

and tell her that I am composed of clarified cottonseed oil and refined beef suet; that I am the purest of all cooking fats; that my name is

Cottolene

that I am better than lard, and more useful than butter; that I am equal in shortening to twice the quantity of either, and make food much easier of digestion. I am to be found everywhere in 3 and 5 pound pails, but am

Made only by
The N. K. Fairbank Company,
Wellington and Ann Sts.,
MONTREAL.

Priestley's Cravenettes

(In light and medium-weight goods)

Are not only rain-proof, dust-proof and porous to air but are extremely stylish and come in the following shades:

Navy, Myrtle, Brown, Grey, Castor and Black.

Cravenettes are universally admitted to be the only satisfactory porous waterproof goods on the market.

N.B. TRADE MARK THE VARNISHED BOARD ON WHICH THE GOODS ARE WRAPPED.

The Priestley trade mark is always a guarantee of good wearing quality. Always ask for Priestley's. 4

See that the goods you buy are stamped EVERY FIVE YARDS WITH PRIESTLEY'S NAME.

No other are of their manufacture.

TO WARM UP AND KEEP WARM

Drink a Cup of Johnston's Fluid Beef

A Healthful, Stimulating AND Vitalizing Beverage.

LENZ & LEISER,

Wholesale Dry Goods, Clothing Gents' Furnishings, Etc.

We carry the Largest Stock in these lines west of Montreal; and are, therefore, able to compete with any house in the trade.

WHO IS YOUR TAILOR?

A GHOST

Of a show is all we want to convince you that our stock of suitings is the best yet imported and our prices all strictly within reason. These words stand for a long and interesting story in the way of how to dress well.

Scotch Tweed Suits from $20.
Worsted Suits, $30.

J. W. CREIGHTON,
86 Government Street.

Bank of British Columbia.

Savings Bank Department.

NOTICE TO DEPOSITORS.

From 1st January, 1895, and until further notice, the rate of interest allowed on Savings Bank Deposits by this Bank will be three per cent. (3 per cent) per annum.

GEORGE GILLESPIE,
Manager.

Bank of British Columbia,
Victoria, 18th Nov., 1894.

America Photographed

We have on hand a limited number of complete fyles of the beautiful Portfolio, America Photographed, which was sold to our readers at 10 cents per copy. For a holiday present nothing more appropriate can be found. A volume only costs $2.00, and as a Christmas Gift will be most acceptable to any person of taste and refinement.

Apply at

TIMES OFFICE,
No. 26 Broad Street.

DRY GOODS.

Argyle House

Just Received

2 Cases More of those heavy double-width Serges

At 25c. a yard, the best materials in the market for Children's School Dresses, Ladies' House Wrappers, etc.

1 Case of Butcher's Linen

50 inches wide, 25c. a yard

1 Case Ladies' Cashmere Hose

25c. a pair.

20 doz. more Children's Handkerchiefs

25c. a dozen.

J. Horner & Co.

For Sale or Rent.

"WINTERBOURNE RISE," the residence of the late Sir M. B. Begbie. For further particulars apply to

LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON, Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B.C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT. Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue.

MUSICAL.

PROF. BRADLEY, Organist and Choirmaster of the R. E. Church, receives pupils for Organ, Piano, Singing and 'Cello lessons; he also undertakes the training of choirs and choral societies. Address: 104 Pandora Street. j5-1m

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dill Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.

The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 12 p.m., for the convenience of the pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS.

Court Vancouver No. 5935, A. O. F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month. Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited. SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE, No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisguard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. LOTAUS BROWN, Secretary.

ST. ANDREWS AND CALEDONIAN society meets in their own Hall, Blanchard Street, on the first Friday of every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join. E. C. SMITH, Sec.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. & W. WILSON, PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS, Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 128.

Coltart & Eteson, BROKERS. Notaries Public, Shipping and Insurance Agents. Loans Negotiated. 72 GOVERNMENT STREET.

SIMEON DUCK. THOS. T. HULL.

S. DUCK & CO., AUCTIONEERS, House, Land and Commission Agents. Account sales promptly settled. Cash advanced on goods for absolute sale. Duck Building, 58 Broad street, Victoria.

JEWELERS, ETC.

W. J. STODDART, Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler, New York Hotel Building, Yates St.

Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings 75 cts; Pivoting Wheels, 75 cts; Staffs and Pinions, $1.25; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts. Jewelry repaired on short notice, on premises, at very low figures.

S. A. STODDART, The New Watchmaker and Jeweller, 68½ Yates Street.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c. New Main Spring, 75c. Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25. And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practical experience of over 25 years. Waltham Stem Wind Watches from $5.

NOLTE'S PATENT. Accurately adjusted. F. W. NOLTE & CO., The Only Opticians, 37 Fort Street. VICTORIA, B. C.

EDUCATIONAL.

VICTORIA COLLEGE, BEACON HILL PARK. (LATE CORRIG COLLEGE.)

The Leading Day and Boarding College for Boys north of San Francisco. Modern and fully equipped college buildings, fronting on the Park and Straits.

First-class Teaching Faculty—British University Graduates, University, Professional Commercial and Modern Courses.

Reasonable fees. Cricket, football, swimming, athletics, etc. For spring term entrance apply PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH, M.A. fel3 e,m,t&w 1y

REOPENING MONDAY, JANUARY 7th.

TENDERS WANTED.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned up to Saturday, the 26th inst., for clearing land on the Saanich West Road, about six miles from the city. Further particulars by applying to A. B. Erskine. jan21-td

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—SALOON KEEPER or party with money to interest themselves in a new and taking enterprise in Victoria, B. C., requiring about $1,500 to $2,000 cash, giving immediate and good returns. Address for three days, "Music," care of Koeller & Chase, music store, Oakland, Cal. jan18-7t

OKELL & MORRIS are selling 2-lb glass jars of Pure Strawberry Jam for 35c. See your grocer.

ASK YOUR GROCER for 2-lb glass jar of Pure Raspberry Jam put up by Okell & Morris. Only 35c.

CHEAPEST AND BEST JAM in the city is Okell & Morris' 2-lb glass jar for 35c.

MASTERS OF SEALING SCHOONERS—Good cook open to engagement. Apply "E," 5 Green street, city.

OKELL & MORRIS' Jam once tasted will be always eaten.

OKELL & MORRIS hold ten diplomas and two gold medals for purity and excellence of Jams.

DELICIOUS HOME MADE BREAD delivered fresh daily, by Domestic Bakery, 59 Broad street. d31-3m

HOW TO SAVE MONEY—Join the Dominion Building and Loan Association, and for every sixty cents deposited each month you get $100 in eight years. A. W. Gore & Co., 70 Douglas street. j

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—A medium sized American safe. Apply P., Times office. j19-tf

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

B. C. Benevolent Society.

The Annual General Meeting of the above society will be held at Pioneer Hall, Broad Street, on Monday, the 28th January, instant, at 3 o'clock p.m.

A full attendance of both ladies and gentlemen subscribers is politely requested. 21-td

Vancouver Island Building Society.

THE ELEVENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Society will be held at Sir William Wallace Society's Hall, Broad street, on Saturday, January 26th, at 8 p.m., for the purpose of receiving the reports of the Board of Directors and Secretary, and the Balance Sheet and Statements of the Secretary and Treasurer for the year ending 31st December, 1894; for the Election of Officers and Board of Management for the ensuing year; for holding the 79th Drawing for an appropriation, and the transaction of such business as may be brought before the meeting.

By order, B. WILLIAMS, Secretary. 319-td

PHIL R. SMITH, Book Binder, Paper Ruler, & Manufacturing Stationer, 32 LANGLEY STREET.

The Daily Times.

SESSION OR ELECTION?

The present situation of the Dominion government is that of the man who might find himself placed between the devil and the deep sea, one of these dangers being represented by a session and the other by a general election. Or perhaps an apter simile would be the man who had the tiger by the tail and could not decide whether he should hold on or let go. To meet parliament with public affairs in the bad mess which they have reached is a proceeding not at all pleasant for the ministers to contemplate. There was an uncomfortable shortage in last year's finances, and this year gives a prospect of a much heavier deficit, estimated by good judges at from four to six millions of dollars. Then the Manitoba school question is likely to play the part of Banquo's ghost to the government's Macbeth, for it seems pretty well understood that the privy council will give a judgment declaring that the government has power to step in and grant such relief as they deem proper to the Manitoba Catholics. It is quite certain that the Manitoba minority and their Quebec sympathizers will demand such relief if the judgment comes as indicated. The ministers might well judge that it would be advisable to try to get another four years' lease of power without previously settling these awkward questions. On the other hand, they might deem it wise to do a little judicious "boodling" with the remnant of that $11,000,000 loan, and they might also see some chance of making a few tariff changes to secure the support of prospective beneficiaries. The deficit would afford them an excuse for some tinkering in this direction. For these reasons they may decide on a session. In any event their perplexity must soon come to an end; one course or the other must shortly be chosen.

Some of the papers have been discussing the question of the governor-general's attitude in reference to an immediate dissolution should such be advised by the ministers. This discussion, it appears, was started by the Toronto Globe, which paper holds that a dissolution at present would be unconstitutional and that His Excellency would be acting in the strict line of his duty if he rejected advice tendered by his ministers for a dissolution. There can be no doubt about the correctness of the Globe's contention. All accepted authorities on the constitution distinctly support this view. The following quotation from an article in the Globe seems quite conclusive on the point:

Mr. Todd, from whose work we have already quoted, says that "it is not a constitutional use of the prerogative of dissolution to resort to it when no grave political question is directly at issue between the two contending parties, and merely in order to maintain in power particular ministers who hold the reins of government." Dr. Bourinot, clerk of the Canadian house of commons, says that occasions can rarely arise when the governor should feel himself bound for powerful public or constitutional reasons to refuse the advice of his council as to dissolution, "but there can be no doubt that it is the right and duty of the crown, under any circumstances, to control the exercise of one of the most valued prerogatives of the sovereign." Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, when secretary for the colonies, gave this opinion as to the power of dissolution: "In the discharge of this responsibility he (the governor) will, of course, pay the greatest attention to any representations that may be made to him by those who at the time are his constitutional advisers; but if he should feel himself bound to take the responsibility of not following his ministers' recommendations there can, I apprehend, be no doubt that both the law and the prerogative enable him to do so."

It is clear that if Lord Aberdeen follows the rules laid down by these authorities he will refuse to dissolve parliament at the present juncture on the advice of his ministers. We do not suppose he will follow these rules, but will prefer, like all previous governors-general, to let his ministers take the full responsibility of a choice between meeting parliament again and an appeal to the people. There is one condition, however, upon which he will certainly insist, namely, that an election must take place upon the new voters' lists, not on the old ones. That condition it is well within his prerogative to impose, and the vast majority of the people will in such cases uphold his action.

Tory papers, with that amusing lack of logic which they frequently display, argue that because the Globe has argued against the constitutionality of a premature dissolution under the present circumstances, the Globe and the Liberals are afraid of a general election. The Globe has taken pains to dispel this childish illusion, for in a recent issue it says: "That the opposition, having become accustomed to this violation of the spirit of the constitution, expect and are prepared for it, does not justify it any more than the breaking of the laws of the land is excused by the maintenance of a police force, or any precaution that the law-abiding citizens may think proper to take against violence and fraud. The fact is that the use of the prerogative of dissolution for purely party purposes is by no means the greatest of the unfair advantages which the government takes of its power. It is certain that at whatever time the election takes place it will be in constituencies disgracefully gerrymandered, and upon voters' lists prepared in such a way as to give every advantage to the government candidate. It has been plainly intimated that the expenditure of public money will be used as bribes. But in spite of these odds the opposition will enter the contest with the utmost confidence, because of unmistakable signs that the principles for which it has contended so long and in the face of so much discouragement have become the prevailing public opinion of the nation, and that the policy of extravagance, of pretence, of blundering interference with individual enterprise and energy, has become so utterly discredited that it can no longer be sustained by any device that corruption, fraud or injustice may suggest." It may be said that this disclaimer was hardly necessary, since the absurd argument of the Tory papers could impose on no man of any intelligence. The Liberals are quite ready for the election whenever it comes, and are enthusiastically confident of success. This fact is well known to the government party, the gloom of whose situation is naturally increased thereby.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

"Three Letters of Credit and Other Stories—By Kim Bilir," is the title of a neat and attractive little volume issued by the Province Printing and Publishing Company, Victoria, B. C., and which we have read with unflagging interest. It is not only well printed, but it is very cleverly written in that happy, racy style which, alas! is lamentably rare in the fiction of to-day. There is no attempt to portray or analyze character, neither is there any pretension to complicity of plot, nevertheless the book is decidedly entertaining and well worth a perusal. We trust that it will not be the last letter of credit the Province Company will issue, and we may safely predict that the public will endorse the next on presentation—more particularly since the amount is placed at the extremely modest sum of 25 cents.

The Hawaiian rebellion fell short of success, which according to the commonly accepted rule can afford the only justification for rebellion. Those who took part in it, particularly the leaders, must have been supposed to have counted all the risks and prepared themselves to accept the extreme penalty for failure. From the utterances of the government press it appears as though they need expect nothing less than the extreme penalty if they are captured. It is quite evident that they were not well up in the rebellion business, and that they had very small chances of success from the start.

BOYS AND DOOR BELLS.

To the Editor:—In your last night's issue appeared an item to the effect that "some of the boys attending the South Park school amuse themselves by ringing door bells and throwing stones at houses." Might I suggest complaints of this nature should be made to the principal, at whose hands they will receive careful investigation?

AGNES DEANS CAMERON, Principal South Park School.

Victoria, Jan. 23.

A ROBERT BURNS REVERIE.

Ae night, sat by the ingle cheek,
Musin' on Scottish sang an' story,
There passed, as though the fire's taint reek,
An eerie, strange phantasmagorie.
I thocht 'twas seventeen eighty-nine,
When ploughman Rob was a' the fashion;
An' that, before my glimmering een,
Rose sights an' scenes in weird procession.

There cam' twa dogs, the first ca'd Caesar,
The ither Luath, a ploughman's collie;
Ane keeplt for his master's pleasure—
Luath, a rautin', rovin' billie
Next passed Tam Samson, mourned as deid,
Thro' a' the streets an' neuks o' Killie;
He is the king-o'-a' the screed,
Unskaither, as yet, by death's gleg gullie.

Three hizzies noo cam' doun the road—
Twa dressed in black, the ither shinin';
An' in their train the onco guid,
Wi' Holy Willie, meek an' whinin';
They're a' gaun tae the Holy Fair,
Tae get their share o' grace—an' daffin';
Some fu' o' love divine—but mair
Are fu' o' frolic, fun an' laughin'.

An' what's this noo comes clatterin' by?
A frightened horse—a glowerin' rider;
It's Tam himself,—the witches cry,
"An' Meg, his mare—an' wow betide her;"
Wee Nannie flees wi' eldrich howl,
Her gairment on the nicht wind sallin'
Auld Clootie rins wi' silen scowl,
An' in the glaur his bagstye trillin'.

A cottar's bellin' noo appears,
Where dwell content an' love entwining;
Long may these guard the coming years—
Auld Scotia's hope and power combining.
Around the mountain daisy grows,
Her snawy bosom sunward spreadin';
The sleekit, cowerin', timorous mouse
Lies snug amang his straw-lined beddin'.

But noo a hare cam' hurtlin' by,
Frae lahmsenty a shelter seekin';
An' in death's grip see Mallie lie—
Nae mair we'll hear her friendly bleatin'.
A weel faured lass noo trips awa',
Decked in her braws, wi' jewels shinin';
Could she but see what Robin saw;
That louse upon her bonnet climbin'.

The fire burns blue—my senses reel;
I glintin' roun' wi' fearsome swither,
Saw Death, Jock Hornbook and the Deil—
The three gaun airm-an'-airm thegither;
I saw the twa famed brigs o' Arr,
An' some o' hee braw, sonsie lassies;
I saw the Doon, clear, winding, fair,
Whose banks an' braes nae stream surpasses.

An' daunerin' by cam' Captain Grose,
Takin' his notes for future printin';
He's aff tae some auld Kirkland close,
See in his pouch his hammer glintin';
An' wha's this auld wife in her mutch?—
It's Poosie Nancie—weel kent kimmer;
The beggars, tae; wi' limp an' crutch?
Ay, every jolly, drucken, sinner.

John Barleycorn stalks into view,
Still stracht an' strong, wi' joy upriseu;
He'll cheer oor Scottish hearts anew,
Tho' three kings tried to cut his wizen;
I saw a bold John Hielandman
Eager to die for Scotland's glory;
I marked the Bruce at Bannockburn,
And Stirling's carse, red smeared on' gory.

The haggis, wi' his sonsie face,
Rich gem o' Scottish pluck an' muscle,
Cam' stacherin' in tae tak' his place,
Attended by the famous Whustle.
The farmer's auld mare Mag was seen;
Sax Mauchline belles, sae bithe an' bounie;
A guid, auld-fashioned Hallowe'en;
Wull Wastle's wife and Souter Johnny.

An' thus afore my mental gaze
Cam' sichts an' scenes lang since departed
When, lo, athwart the fire's clear blaze
A brighter vision came—I started;
'Twas he—the lad once born in Kyle;
I marked the eye, wi' genius burnin'—
The noble brow—the radiant smile—
The lofty mein—all humbug spurning.

Though lowly born an' lowly bred
An' sheltered in a humble beilin',
His worth and fame shall never fade—
His songs e'en noo, oor hearts are thrillin';
Gae bring tae me a pint o' wine—
I'll drink a toast—the world shall know it—
To Robert Burns, for auld lang syne—
Oor Scotland's darling ploughman poet.

—Leeds Mercury.

PERSONAL.

Hewitt Bostock returned to-day from Alberni.

W. Marchant came down from Nanaimo to-day.

Mr. and Mrs. East, Tacoma, have apartments at the Dallas.

E. V. Bodwell was a passenger on to-day's train from Nanaimo.

J. H. Whittonier, Duncan's, is quartered at the New England.

Robert B. Rothschild, San Francisco, is registered at the Driard.

F. Lansberg left for Portland last night via the Northern Pacific.

Mrs. James Cassin returned to Port Townsend this morning.

John Dixon, the Manitoba stockman, left last night for Birmingham, Ala.

Geo. McL. Brown, of the C. P. R., returned to Vancouver this morning.

Fred Chandler, Harry G. Brau, Chicago, are staying at the New England.

A. Paterson, Ogden; R. C. McCormick, Idaho, are guests at the Oriental.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Buther, Port Townsend, have apartments at the Oriental.

Bishop Perrin will leave for England next month, his physicians having ordered a sea voyage.

J. L. Love, N. McMartin, Wm. Brown, are passengers by the Umatilla which arrived in port yesterday afternoon.

GALLANT BLACK HUSSAR

Calhoun Company Give a Pleasing Performance of That Charming Opera.

Amorita Repeated at the Matinee—Said Pasha to be Sung This Evening.

The Calhoun Opera company played to another crowded house last night at the Victoria and won further popularity here. "The Black Hussar," a pretty opera with scarcely a number that is not bright and musical, was presented with that same care for detail so noticeable in "Amorita," and won the warmest applause. The company is very fortunate in the possession of an excellent stage manager. Kirtland Calhoun has mastered the art of arranging pretty stage pictures, artistic groupings and attractive climaxes, and although the Victoria friends miss him from the stage his work "from behind" is appreciated. G. Lyding has a very nice part in "The Black Hussar," and sings and acts it very well indeed. He was in good form last night, and the audience enthused over his clear tenor voice. He was particularly good in the trio where he describes the missing spy and in the closing number of the first act his voice blended beautifully with those of Miss Farrington, Miss Bell and Mr. Rowan. Mr. Lyding has a good stage presence and acts well. Douglas Flint had everybody's sympathy, for he was suffering from a severe cold and every note meant work and strain for his vocal cords. He has played the cunning magistrate long enough to have a thorough familiarity with the part, and despite the disadvantages mentioned scored a success. Gertie Lodge was very interesting as Barbara. She is always bubbling over with fun, and at times succeeds in amusing the players. This is indeed praise. The part of Piff Kow was in the hands of Mr. Webb, who made the most of it. He was very amusing and kept the crowd in laughter when on the stage. The trio, "Read the Answer in the Stars," by Miss Lodge, Mr. Flint and Mr. Webb, was one of the hits of the evening. Miss Bell and Miss Farrington were the magistrate's daughters and they sang and acted very well. Both are very pleasing. Mr. Rowan was a manly-looking hussar and the drill by his followers was applauded even by the military men present. The wooden shoe dance was very good. The Hussar song in the third act had to be repeated in response to a hearty encore.

The living pictures have caught on here wonderfully. The same pictures were shown last night as on the previous evening and everyone admired them. "The Dying Soldier," "The Swing," and "Physche's Mirror" appear to be the favorites. Mr. Egry won an encore with his violin solo between acts two and three.

The matinee in the afternoon was attended by a good sized audience. Several changes were made in the cast, Miss Beauvet singing the part of Amorita and Mr. Lyding taking the part of Angelo. Miss Beauvet possesses a very good voice, some of her notes being particularly fine. She was very well received. Mr. Lyding seemed at home in the part of Angelo, and as usual sang very well. The audience was a rather demonstrative one for a matinee, and there were several encores. The living pictures were greatly appreciated.

To-night the full strength of the company will be used in the production of "Said Pasha." Mr. Calhoun will appear as "Nockey" which is one of his greatest successes. The cast is as follows:

Said Pasha, a Turkish diplomat ..... Geo. Lyding
Hassen Bey, officer of the Turkish Patrol ..... T. E. Rowan, jr.
Teramo, a Mexican nobleman ..... Frederick Hustler
Hadad, an adventurer ..... Douglas A. Flint
Nockey, his companion ..... Kirtland Calhoun
Rajah, the commander of Altars ..... Frank Moulin
Sergeant of the Turkish patrol ..... Abbott Davidson
Serena, the Pasha's daughter ..... Marie Bell
Alti, the ideal queen of Altars ..... Adele Farrington
Balah Sejah, Alti's stepmother ..... Gertrude Lodge
Semer, Alti's attendant ..... May Burt
Punga, Alti's attendant ..... Loleta Levete

Bilkins—Will you be mine?
Miss Yellowleaf—This is so sudden.
Bilkins—Yes, I know, but your father has got me in a corner in a wheat deal, and if I don't begin to squeeze you, he'll squeeze me.

Marie—Count Zwinski is going to be married to Miss Getthere, the heiress.
Hazelton—Nonsense! I'm his most intimate friend and I'm sure he has no such intention.
Marie—No, but she has.—Chicago Record

Foggs—While you were engaged in farming, what did you plant with the happiest results?
Boggs—My mother-in-law.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Award.

USE MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!

It quickly cures: Cuts, Burns, Corns, Bruises, Chilblains, Sprains. Cracks between the Toes, Scalds, Piles, Swellings, Ulcers, Stiff Joints, Old Sores, Inflammation of all kinds, Lame Back, Pimples, Rheumatism, Pustules, Caked Breasts, Eruptions, Diseased Tendons, Contracted Muscles, And all Lameness and Soreness.

Langley & Co. Wholesale Agents for B. C.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—For prices plate glass see Mellor. *

—The late Mary Stevenson did not visit Puget sound and Victoria with her father in 1893, but Miss Letitia accompanied him.

—The remains of the late Mrs. Joseph Quadras, of Alert Bay, were brought to Victoria on Tuesday on the Boscowitz for interment.

—The Y. M. C. A. football club will hold an informal social meeting this evening. It will be held in the rooms of the association.

—The best line of cheap dinner sets, etc., can be seen at Weiler Bros. An almost unlimited variety of useful and ornamental china and glassware is now displayed.

—It is understood that Captain George Roberts will leave the steamer City of Kingston in February, to take charge of the steamer Willipa, which he and the others of the new Alaska line have purchased.

—The indications are that there will be a very large attendance at the Protestant Orphans' home concert in Assembly hall on January 30th. Tickets are selling rapidly and the programme will be very good.

—The transfer of the steamer Rosalie from Captain D. B. Jackson to the Northwestern steamship company has been registered at the Port Townsend custom house. The consideration is given as $50,000.

—The ladies' auxiliary of Jubilee hospital decided at a meeting held yesterday afternoon to give an at home at A. O. U. W. hall on the night of February 6. It was decided to charge an admission of 50 cents, the same to include refreshments.

—The interment of the late Alexander Eric MacKay took place from St. James' church on Tuesday afternoon. Archdeacon Scriven officiated. The pall bearers were Messrs. T. W. Patterson, H. P. Bell, J. H. Gray, Tom Kains, T. E. Wooldridge and Eric MacKay.

—The Victoria Wanderers and the Victoria Rugby football clubs will play a match at Rugby football at Caledonia park on Saturday. This will be the first of a series of three matches, two of which will be Rugby and one Association. The matches will be the more interesting from the fact that one club are Association football rule men and the other Rugby men.

—The admeasurement of the newly built schooner Elsie has been filed at the Port Townsend custom house. She was built at Port Townsend by E. D. Biggs. Her measurements are as follows: Length 67.7 feet, breadth 20.6 feet, depth of hold 7.5 feet, and net tonnage 56.88. She is owned by John Siebenbaum, of Port Townsend, and is in command of N. T. Oliver, and will go on a sealing cruise this spring.

—Captain C. W. Sprague, of the tug Sea Lion, was at Butler last night, says yesterday's Post-Intelligencer, and in speaking of the storms this winter he said they were not any more severe than those of some other winters. "The winter," he said, "was characterized by two or three sudden, sharp gales, followed by long periods of fine weather. The loss of the Keweenaw, Montserrat and other vessels was due more to overloading and to being caught when unprepared than any other cause."

—The Chilian ship Hindostan, Captain Welsh, arrived at Vancouver on Monday, after a stormy passage of 81 days from Valparaiso. The vessel experienced bad weather all the way, but the climax was reached the week before Christmas, when the Hindostan was near San Francisco. The captain was obliged to keep off shore, and run several days under bare poles, being carried nearly to Japan before he could put about. The captain has been sailing between Burrard inlet and Valparaiso for the past fifteen years, and says it was the worst storm he ever experienced on the Pacific.

—The select committee of the council in connection with amendments to the municipal act will very likely recommend that the council ask the legislature for the necessary authority to remodel the wards of the city. The matter has received more or less attention in the last three campaigns, and as they are now divided the North ward regards itself as injured. The proposal as it will reach the council will be for a division of wards according to voters. As it now stands they are divided on a valuation of property, and even in that respect the proportion has in a measure grown unequal. The matter will be placed before the council on Monday night and will very likely cause considerable discussion.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

—Hindes' hair curlers at Fox's. *

—The sewerage commissioners meet on Friday morning at 11.

—Cuttlery. Sheffield cuttlery of all kinds at Fox's, 78 Government St. *

—No. 2 company, B. C. B. G. A., will drill to-night under Lieut. Williams.

—Ocean Spray Toothwash beautifies the teeth. Bowes' drug store, 27 Johnson street. *

—A meeting of the city council has been called for Thursday night at 8 o'clock.

—You still need blankets, comforters, etc. See our stock and ask for prices. Weiler Bros. *

—The local Orange lodge at Saanich propose giving an invitation ball at an early date. It will be more or less of a family affair.

—The Salvation Army have opened a food and shelter depot at Seattle. They have a wood chopping shop and basket factory in connection with it.

—A telegram from London to Robert Ward says that the prices recently obtained by a sealskin sale were: Japanese skins 22s. 9d., Behring sea skins 31s.

—There will be a general meeting of the Wanderers football club to-night at 8 o'clock. The meeting will be held at the office of the B. C. dye works, and a large attendance of members is urged.

—Sanitary Officer Coulin has had a couple of summonses issued in cases where people have failed to comply with the law in the mater of sewer connections. The cases will likely be called in the police court to-morrow morning.

—A number of members of the Congregational church are considering the question of establishing a branch of that body in this city, and would be pleased to hear from any one in sympathy with the object. Letters may be addressed to Wm. Scowcroft, city hall, Victoria. *

—The people of North and South Saanich are petitioning for a daily mail, the general belief being that a more frequent service is needed now, in view of the increased facilities offered by the railway for communication with the city and the consequent increase of business that has taken place.

—Your pants are fraid round the bottom—pardon our noticing it—but we're afraid you don't realise how it spoils your otherwise faultless appearance. Any way, we feel as if we really had to tell you that we've some desirable trousers as low as $2, and up to any price you care to invest. Cameron, 55 Johnson street.

—The greatest facilities in the province offered at Monroe Miller's Bindery for Ruling, Blank Books, Pass Books, Receipt Books, etc. As they have not quite eighty per cent. of the whole private work of the province they have any amount of time on their hands to attend to the wants of their customers. *

—The members and friends of the Women's Christian Temperance Union have been invited to the home of the Mayor and Mrs. Teagle to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. There is to be a discussion on some of the departments of work taken up by the union, and an interesting and profitable time is anticipated.

—The steamer Clara W. Young was not wrecked at Metlakatla during a storm. It was a quiet night, and the captain, mistaking a floating log for a buoy, she was run on the boulders. A storm and heavy sea the following day did a great deal of damage to her. She was nearly light when wrecked, and the insurance on her is $3000, and her value is placed at $4000.

—An old man named Isaac Mull died in Saanich yesterday at the advanced age of 103 years. Deceased was an old timer in the province, having come here in the very early days with most of the men who sought and gained fortunes in British Columbia's gold fields. The deceased was a native of North Carolina, and emigrated from that state to California. He was unmarried, and as far as known had no relatives in the country. He had a very large circle of friends throughout the city and province. The funeral will take place to-morrow.

—The children of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church Sunday school enjoyed their annual treat last evening. It was held in the lecture room of the church and was very largely attended. The children assembled at 6.30, and tea was served. That was followed by a musical programme, a magic lantern exhibition and the distribution of prizes to the fortunate ones in the Scriptural examinations. The musical programme consisted of a song by Mary Tait, duet by Willie and Harry Fraser; recitation, Naunie McMicking; instrumental duet, Francis and Willie Fraser; song, Francis Fraser.

—No. 1 company, B. C. B. G. A., commenced the season's drill last night with a very good turn-out. Big gun drill under the direction of Lieut. Ross Munro and Sergeant Mulcahey was gone through. During an intermission in the drill coffee and cake was served in the men's room. After the drill some of the shooting prizes won last year were presented. Gunner W. Bailey and Gunner L. B. Trimen received the Canadian Military Rifle League badges, and Gunner Bailey and Gunner H. McDonald each received a silver spoon offered by the company. Lieut. Sargison, commanding the company, in an address, urged the members to fill up the ranks with a good lot of recruits, and said success could be attained by having each man bring in his particular friend.

—The Canadian Pacific railway company's steamship Empress of China sailed from Hong Kong to-day for Yokohama at 1 p.m.

—You will always find a well assorted stock of brushes, woodenware, enamel ware and crockery at Weiler's, 51 to 55 Fort street. *

—Ah Hoey, who had a peddler's license for two days and tried to work in a couple of extra days on it, was in the police court this morning, charged with an infraction of the revenue by-law. There was no Chinese interpreter available and the case had to be adjourned. It was the only thing up before the court this morning.

—The steamship Walla Walla sails for San Francisco this evening. The cabin passengers booked are: R. H. Carter, Mrs. Carter, Mrs. Fillmore, Mrs. J. H. Brown and two children, Mrs. C. Ross, A. Lindsay, D. H. Ross, W. J. Helinquest, John D. Mortimer, A. K. Beatson, F. H. Dingle, Captain S. F. Scott and wife and W. F. Stratford and wife.

—The Times hereby acknowledges the following letter from City Clerk Dowler: "I have the honor, by direction, to express to you the council's sense of appreciation of and their thanks for the full, fair and uniformly accurate reports of the proceedings of meetings of the council that have appeared from time to time in the Evening Times during 1894." Same to you, old man.

—The Thistle arrived in port this morning with a fine load of halibut from the halibut fishing grounds. She was only three days in making the voyage. There are thirty men now engaged in fishing on the halibut banks. Fish are reported very plentiful. The Thistle did not bring down any news of special importance. She will return north on Thursday night probably.

—The schooner Maud S., Captain McKeil, has cleared for her sealing cruise and will sail in a day or so. She will have a big crew of Indian hunters. The schooner Sapphire and the Triumph of the Marvin fleet are being rapidly prepared for sea. They are to hunt on the coast and will have the same Indian crews as last year. Captain William Cox will command the Sapphire and Captain Clarence Cox the Triumph. After getting their Indian crews on the West Coast they will go down off the Oregon and California coast to meet the northcoming herds.

—Regent's Park, the home of D. W. Higgins, was last evening the scene of a very enjoyable entertainment under the auspices of the King's Daughters. The house was very attractively decorated and Mr. and Mrs. Higgins joined with the members of the society in giving everyone a hearty welcome and in attending to their entertainment. During the evening a very attractive programme was rendered under the direction of Prof. W. Edgar Buck. Supper was served late in the evening. There was a large attendance of the society and Mr. and Mrs. Higgins are to be thanked for a very pleasant evening.

—The verdict of the coroner's jury in the case of William McGarrie, was that he had commited suicide while temporarily insane. A. McKay, who was living with McGarrie, told his story at the inquest. He said: McGarrie had a falling out with Polly, his klootchman wife. Polly left him the next day and McGarrie sent witness to look for her. When on the top of a hill adjoining the hut witness heard two shots and ran down to the cabin where he found McGarrie on the floor dead. He had a bullet wound through the left eye, the bullet having pierced the skull and come out at the base of the neck. Another wound was in the side. It was only slight, the bullet having just grazed the flesh and passing along struck the left hand. The gun was still smoking when witness arrived. Witness took it and placed it again the wall.

—The operator at Carmanah Point wired the following report this morning: 'Steamers Maude and Mischief from the West Coast passed in this morning. The Mischief had Spring's sloop, which is under seizure by the police, in tow.

—Perseverance lodge No. 1, I. O. G. T. met as usual last night and disposed of their business. Quite a number of Pride of the Ridge and Victoria West members were present. Being brother's task night the sisters had a bottle of beans and barley prepared for a guessing match and the numbers handed in were from 400 to 3000. Brother Williams being nearest the number in the bottle, gained the prize. Sister Dickar from Vancouver gave a short address on the order in Vancouver and New Westminster. The C. T., Bro. J. Townsend, having to leave for the sealing, bade farewell to the members for seven months hoping to meet them at that time. All are welcome to our free Saturday night concerts at Temperance hall.

—The concert at St. John's church tomorrow night should prove a very attractive affair. The farce, judging from those who are taking part in it, should be very amusing. The programme is as follows:

PART I.

Opening Overture.....
Song .....W. J. Twiss
Song, comic .....Fred Richardson
Song—"Surely" .....E. A. Pauline
Duet—"Excelsior" ..... Baltz
Messrs. Russell and Rowlands.
Song ..... Mrs. G. C. Mesher
Song—"Brown October Ale" (Robin Hood)
.....Ross Munro
Whistling Solo.....Mrs. G. C. Mesher
Song .....Mr. Russell

PART II.

A side-splitter entitled 'Rum'ns from Rome'

Cast:

Chump—A collector of antiques.....
.....H. L. Salmon
Captain Smith—A would-be collector...
..... W. Wallis
Chips—Another of the same sort..Mr. Kettle
Arabella—Chump's daughter.....
Julius—Alias "Hercules".....E. A. Pauline
Julius—Alis "Hercules".....E. A. Pauline
Joe—Alias "Ajax".....Fred Richardson

LIPTONS' TEAS
Direct from the Sweet-Scented Island, Ceylon.
PURE! FRAGRANT! DELICIOUS!
The Finest the World Can Produce
SOLD BY ALL BEST GROCERS.
These celebrated Teas were awarded **Highest Honors at the World's Fair** and are famed the world over for their Exquisite Aroma, Delicious Flavor, Refreshing Qualities and Great Economy. One pound of Lipton's goes about as far as three pounds of the insipid, flavorless teas presently being sold as finest.
OVER 1,000,000 PACKETS LIPTON'S TEAS SOLD WEEKLY IN ENGLAND, IRELAND & SCOTLAND
They are used in almost every home in the Old Country. All your friends there drink them. Genuine only when supplied in "Original" air-tight canisters bearing the following:
Lipton Tea and Coffee Planter, Ceylon.
Sole proprietors of these celebrated estates in Ceylon: Dambatenne, Laymastotte, Monerakande, Mahadambatenne, Mousskelie, Pooprassie, Hanagalla and Gigranelia. Shipping Warehouses—Colombo and Calcutta. Wholesale Stores—London (Eng.), Liverpool, Glasgow, Belfast and Dublin.
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"Coronas" $4.00 per doz., newest and most beautiful style of photo; better and more suitable than Xmas cards. Skene Lowe, Studio 63 Govt. Street.

During January
SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS will be offered to customers by GEO. L. SIMPSON. Sewing Machines, Crockery Glassware, Tinware, Graniteware, all at greatly reduced prices. By order of the Assignee.

The B. C. Poultry and Commission Company
. . . ARE SELLING LIVE POULTRY DRESSED TO ORDER . . .
Turkeys, live .....19c. per lb
Turkeys, dressed .....20c. per lb
Geese from.....$1.25 to $1.50 each
Ducks .....$1.25 per pair
Chickens from.....80c. to $1 per pair
Delivered free of charge to any part of the city.
22 1-2 Pandora St., Cor. Broad and Cormorant, Opposite City Market.

W. J. JEFFREE,
The Golden Rule Clothing Store,
....HAS REMOVED....
From the Corner of Yates and Government Sts. to
77 GOVERNMENT STREET,
Premises lately occupied by J. Johnston & Co., Booksellers

A NICHT WI' BURNS.

St. Andrew's and Caledonian Society to Observe His Day.

There was a lad was born in Kyle,
But whatna day o' whatna style
I doubt its hardly worth the while
To be sae nice wi' Robin.

For the past thirty-six years the St. Andrew's and Caledonian society has celebrated the anniversary of Burns in some befitting way, but upon no former occasion has it been observed as it will be at the A. O. U. W. hall on Friday. The committee of arrangements will spare no efforts to make it a grand success and even eclipse the great gathering of 1859.

With what strong and steady enthusiasm is the anniversary of Burns' birthday celebrated not only all over his native land, but in every country to which an adventurous spirit has carried her sons! On such occasions nationality is a virtue; for what else is the memory of Burns but the memory of all that dignifies and adorns the region that gave him birth? Not until that region is shorn of all its beams—its honesty, its independence, its moral worth, its genius and its piety—will the name of Burns

Die on her ear, a faint unheeded sound.

The poetry of Burns will continue to charm as long as Nith flows, Criffel is green, and the bonnie blue of the sky of Scotland meets with that in the eyes of her maidens. Join, then, with the sons of Scotia and sing the songs of him who invested the most common of all the wild flowers of the earth with immortal beauty to all eyes far beyond that of the rarest.

"Wee modest crimson-tippet flower."

The music secured for the dance will mak' the auldest leup and fling and cross and cleek. Remember the A. O. U. W. hall on Friday.

Our monarch's hindmost year but one
Was five and twenty days begun,
'Twas then a blast o' Janwar' Win'
Blew hansel in on Robin.

—Skene Lowe is preparing a group of photos of the officers and prize winners of the James Bay Athletic Club, similar in style to that of the Victoria Lacrosse club group.

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE

Premier Davie's Funeral Oration Over the Government of Cities' Bill.

Opposition to the Amendments to Pharmacentical Associations' Act.

THIRTY-SEVENTH DAY.

Tuesday, Jan. 22.

The Speaker took the chair at two o'clock. Prayers by Rev. S. Cleaver.

The Private Bills committee recommended that the orders be suspended and permission be given to introduce the Stave Valley railway bill and that the Vancouver and New Westminster city bills be considered properly before the house. Adopted.

Mr. Rithet presented the third report of the public accounts committee, with a statement showing the net amount realized from the sale of the Nakusp & Slocan railway bonds, and also a statement showing that the amount due for unpaid taxes to 30th June, 1894, is $141,954.72. The Nakusp bonds sold were for £131,400 at 107 1-2, realizing £141,255. The expenses, including £2628 for underwriting at 2 per cent., £970 commission to brokers at 1-4 per cent., £244 for advertising, £128 for discount on prepayment of calls, £657 for stamp duty, and other items, came to £4753 1s. 1d., leaving £136,501 18s. 11d., as the net amount realized. Auditor-General J. McI. Smith adds this note: "The difference between the total issue, £131,400, and the net amount realized, £136,501 18s. 11d., is £5101 18s 11d., which sum will revert to the consolidated revenue of the province, under the head of 'premium on Nakusp & Slocan railway guarantee bonds.'" Report received.

Mr. Forster moved for a return showing: (a) The total amount of fines collected by justices of the peace and paid into the treasury in the two years ending 30th June, 1894. (b) A list of fines so collected and paid by each justice of the peace, with the names of the parties fined, and the dates and offences. Adopted.

Mr. Sword presented a petition from the Mission City board of trade and others against the proposed bill to obtain a franchise for Stave river water privileges.

Hon. Mr. Davie moved that the order for adjourned committee on the cities government bill be discharged. The bill had been the subject of a great deal of discussion and although he was satisfied that something in its direction was required, he was willing to let it stand over for another year as new councils had been elected and no doubt the recent discussion would have a salutory effect on civic affairs. He was satisfied to allow things to go on as they were for another year and see how matters stand then.

Messrs. Cotton and Kennedy congratulated the premier on his action in withdrawing a bill which had been condemned by all.

The order was discharged and no doubt the cities government bill has gone for good.

Hon. Mr. Davie introduced bills to amend the Provincial Home act, 1893; to amend the Fire Insurance Policy act, 1893, and to amend the Land Registry act.

Hon. Mr. Davie moved the second reading of the territorial districts definition bill, which he said was a very necessary one. At present the province was divided into various districts for different purposes, causing much trouble. The counties should be the same for all purposes which would be brought about by the bill.

The bill was read a second time.

The bill respecting prospecting licenses for gold was finally passed.

The house went into committee on the Nanaimo official map bill. Reported complete.

The Columbia & Kootenay railway and navigation company's bill was passed.

The house went into committee on the Nanaimo City water works bill.

A clause was inserted on motion of Mr. Forster to protect the rights of the crown and the bill was reported complete.

Mr. Helmcken moved the second reading of the bill to amend the pharmacy act. The amendments aimed at the establishment of a third grade in the profession. Other amendments dealt with the duties of the council of the pharmacentical association and the sale of poison. It was also provided that fines collected under the act should be paid to the society and that druggists should be exempt from jury duty.

Dr. Walkem contended that the bill would make the association a close corporation and prevent druggists, no matter how good a diploma they have, from practicing in the province. There were men in the association who did not know how to roll a pill and it was these men who were to examine the new arrivals. There had been recent cases in the province where men with good certificates from eastern colleges had been refused diplomas to practice in the province. As long as the association aimed at making themselves a close corporation he would oppose any legislation in their favor.

Mr. Sword opposed the bill.

Hon. Mr. Pooley thought the pharmacy act a good one and that it would be improved by the bill before the house.

Mr. Booth contended that the amendments before the house would do away with the portions of the act complained of.

Hon. Col. Baker considered that a man who had a certificate to practice in England should be allowed to practice here without passing another examination. But this was a detail that could be altered in committee.

Mr. Semlin contended that the bill was a private one as it was introduced in the interest of a certain class and not in the interest of the public. As to the bill itself he could only say that the abuses complained of by Dr. Walkem were only what could have been expected.

The speaker said he always considered similar bills private ones, but he, following the precedent adopted by a previous Speaker, had not ruled them out. There should, however, be some understanding about such bills hereafter.

Hon. Mr. Davie considered some of the provisions of the bill bad ones, but there were also good provisions and he would consequently vote for the bill.

Mr. Forster had no love for such legislation. One did not see the government giving miners and other workmen the power of saying who shall or shall not work in the province. If the business was to be restricted the power to do so should be in the hands of the government and not in the hands of a private association.

The bill was read a second time.

Hon. Mr. Martin introduced a bill to amend the land act.

On consideration of the report on the school bill, Mr. Helmcken moved the following as a new clause:

"3. The term actual resident in section 2 of the Public School Act amendment act, 1894, shall include any person who either actually dwells or has his place of business within the school district.

This amendment was to meet such cases as Mr. Yates's, who was forced to resign from the school board as he lived just outside the city limits, although doing business in Victoria.

Amendment agreed to.

Hon. Col. Baker moved his amendment to make women eligible as school trustees. He contended that women should be allowed to act as school trustees, having more influence over children than men. All over the civilized world women acted as school trustees, and this had resulted beneficially for the children.

The amendment was adopted, Messrs. Hume, Smith, Helmcken, Walkem and Braden voting against it.

Further consideration of the report was postponed until Friday.

The house went into committee on Mr. Helmcken's lien bill.

Hon. Mr. Davie opposed the provisions exempting railways from liens. He did not think this should be done. It would be said that a recent judgment decided that railways were exempt from liens. It was just as well to consider this judgment. That judgment simply decided that a mortgagee had a prior claim to a lien holder, not that a railway was exempt from a lien.

Mr. Helmcken asked the attorney-general how he proposed to affix a lien to a railway company. His contention was that a security against land was better than security against persons. He wanted to know why the atorney-general wished to force the workmen to look to persons instead of property to obtain their claims.

After a long discussion Hon. Mr. Davie moved that both his and Mr. Helmcken's bills be referred to a committee to be composed of Messrs. Williams, McPherson, Helmcken, Eberts, Davie and Forster.

The motion was adopted.

Mr. Helmcken introduced a bill respecting the Stave river electric and power company. Referred to the private bills committee.

Hon. Mr. Davie introduced a bill to allow charitable corporations to hold land.

The house adjourned at 5:55.

NOTICES OF MOTION.

Dr. Walkem—To introduce a bill intituled an act to amend the homestead act and amending acts.

Mr. Prentice—For a return of the correspondence with the Horsefly Hydraulic Mining Company and any officials of the government in connection with the building of the road from the 108-Mile house to Horsefly, and with the payment of $3000 on that account.

Mr. Sword—To introduce a bill to repeal the pharmacy act, 1891, and amending acts.

A CENSUS OF GHOSTS.

Curious Conclusion Reached by the Psychical Research Society.

The Society for Psychical Research (England) has reached a startling conclusion, which is stated as follows: "Between deaths and apparations of dying persons a connection exists which is not due to chance alone. This we hold a proved fact." The conclusion is the result of an extended investigation in England and Wales, conducted on scientific principles. Inquires were instituted in 17,000 cases of alleged apparitions. These enquiries elicited 1,200 replies from persons who affirmed that they themselves had seen the apparitions. Then the society by further enquiries and cross-examinations sifted out all but eighty of these as discredited in some way, by error of memory, or illusions of identity, or for some other reason, or which could be accounted for by common psychological laws. Of these eighty, fifty more were thrown out, to be on the safe side, and the remaining thirty are used as basis for scientific consideration. All these represented "apparitions of dead persons appearing to others within twelve hours after death, and many of them appearing at the very hour and even the very minute of death. The full account of the investigation is published in the tenth volume of the society "Reports," under the title "A Census of Hallucinations," and Prof. J. H. Hyslop, of Columbia College, writes an article giving the gist of the report and his comments in The Independent (December 27).

The committee which conducted the research reason as follows: Since the death-rate of England is 19.15 out of every thousand, the chances of any person's dying on any particular day are one in 19,000 (the ratio of 19.15 to 365 times 1,000). Out of 19,000 death-apparitions, therefore, one can be explained as a simple coincidence. But thirty apparitions out of 1,200 cases is in the proportion of 440 out of 19,000, so that to refer these thirty well-authenticated apparations to coincidence is deemed impossible. The committee therefore announce the conclusion, which we quoted at the beginning, and, commenting on this conclusion, Professor Hyslop writes as follows:

"This is remarkable language for the signatures of Prof. and Mrs. Sidgwick, than whom few harder-headed skeptics could be found. It is more than borne out, however, by a consideration which the committee does not mention, but which the facts entirely justify, and it is that since many of the apparitions occurred not merely on the day, but at the very hour or minute of death, the improbability of their explanation by chance is really much greater than the figures here given. That the apparition should occur within the hour of death the chance should be 1 to 356,000, or at the minute of death 1 to 21,360,000. To get 30 cases, therefore, brought down to these limits we should have to collect thirty times these number of apparitions. Either these statistics are of no value in a study of this kind, or the society's claim is made out that there is either a telepathic communication between the dying and those who see their apparitions, or some casual connection not yet defined or determined by science. That this connection may be due to favorable conditions in the subject of the hallucinations is admitted by the committee, if the person having the apparition is suffering from grief or anxiety about the person concerned. But it has two replies to such a criticism. The first is the query how and why under the circumstances does this effect coincide generally with the death of the person concerned, when the anxiety is extended over a considerable period. The second is a still more triumphant reply, and it is that a large number of the cases show that the subject of the apparition has no knowledge of the dying person's sickness, place, or condition. In that case there is no alternative to searching elsewhere for the cause. If telepathy or thought transference will not explain the connection, resort must be had to some most extraordinary hypothesis. Most persons will probably accept telepathy as the easiest way of of the difficulty, though I am not sure that we are limited to this, the easiest explanation."

Professor Hyslop then proceeds to consider the effect of the committee's conclusion upon existing theories and speculations regarding the relations between mind and matter, and forsees with gratification as well as apprehension the revolt likely to be initiated against materialism and which may go so far as to discredit science and cary us far back to the credulous conditions of the Middle Ages. He says:

"This significence (of the committee's conclusion) is one of immense importance to psychology and philosophy, and perhaps more to theology, because of the revolution which it must produce in all existing speculations regarding the relation between mind and matter. The tendency toward materialism in recent years has been a very strong one. The reasons for this require no mention. It is the fact that interests. That theory limits consciousness to two conditions. The first is the origin of all knowledge, through sense impressions, some sort of direct contact with the appropriate sensory organism; and the second is the total suspension or annihilation of consciousness with the dissolution of the body. Now, if telepathy be accepted as a fact, it would imply the acquisition of knowledge independently of the ordinary channels of sense, overthrowing all the assumptions of psychology and philosophy from the time of Aristotle to the present. If it is not accepted, what are we going to do with the causal connection between deaths and apparitions of the dying? Here is a problem for the physiologists and the psychologists, which it will not be easy to solve with their methods and materialistic assumptions, unless they grant the fact of a mysterious connection between two independent minds, which is all that telepathy really means, so far as it is understood by those who believe it. . . . The point which the investigations of the Society for Psychical Research have already reached creates a question of transcendent interest, no matter what the solution of it may be, and will stimulate in the near future an amount of psychological and theological speculation of the most hasty and crude sort, which it will require the profoundest knowledge of mental phenomena, normal and abnormal, and the best methods of science to counteract, and to keep within the limits of sober reason. The hardly won conquests of intellectual freedom and self-control can easily be overthrown by a reaction that will know no bounds and which it will be impossible to regulate. Though there may be some moral gain from the change of beliefs, as will no doubt be the case in the long run, we have too recently escaped the intellectual, religious, and political tryanny of the Middle Ages to contemplate the immediate consequences of the reaction with any complacency. But no one can calculate the enormous effect upon intellectual, social, and political conditions which would ensue upon the reconciliation of science and religion by the proof of immortality."

"Did you see all those dreadful charges the papers made against you?" said the poodle's wife.

"I did," was the reply. "What am I going to do about it?"

"Why," she answered, almost sobbing, "I—I'd make that horrid editor prove every word of them, so I would!"

"Prove 'em? Great guns! That's exactly what I'm anxious to keep him from doing, if I can!"—Washington Star.

"How is it that Politic is so popular with the ladies?"

"He talks so well."

"Heavens! He never says anything but yes and no!"

"That's it. He allows them to do it all."—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

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Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 5.30 p.m.

Commencing January 8, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

TRANSPORTATION.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,
(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 24,
Taking effect Sept. 1st, 1894.

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Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st, 10th and 20th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification. JOHN IRVING,
G. A. CARLETON, Manager
General Agent.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C. Rouse, Receivers.

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SPEED 18 knots			Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."			TONNAGE 1147
8 30 pm	Lv	M	*Victoria	110	Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	38	Pt. Townsend	72	Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	82	Seattle	28	Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	*Tacoma	M	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

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TRANSPORTATION.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 23

To take effect at 8:00 a.m. on Thursday, Jan. 10th, 1895. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. (Read up.) No. 1 Pass. Daily	STATIONS.	NORTH BOUND. (Read Down.) No. 2 Pass. Daily
8:00 Ar 12:20	Victoria	Lv 3:00 Ar 7:20
11:55	Duncans	3:05
11:45	Somenos	3:15
11:35	Cowichan Lake	3:25
11:25	Cobble Hill	3:35
11:15	Shawnigan	3:45
11:05	McPherson's	3:55
10:55	Kobble's	4:05
10:45	Duncan's	4:15
10:35	Somenos	4:25
10:25	Westholme	4:35
10:15	Chemainus	4:45
10:05	Oyster Bay Siding	4:55
9:55	Oyster Bay	5:05
9:45	Nanaimo	5:15
9:30 Ar	Wellington	Lv 5:30

On Saturday and Sunday,

Return tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return tickets for one and half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all opints, good for seven days including day of issue.

No return tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria, Duncan's and Nanaimo Stations.

A DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen. Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

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" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

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NEW LOCAL LEGISLATION.

Important Amendments to the Land Act by the Chief Commissioner.

Mr. Kennedy's Bill for the Better Observance of the Sabbath Day.

Mr. Kennedy yesterday introduced a bill to provide for the better observance of the Sabbath. Section two reads: "It shall not be lawful for any merchant, tradesman, artificer, mechanic, workman, laborer, or other person whatsoever, on Sunday, to sell or publicly show forth or expose or offer for sale any goods, chattels, or other personal property, or any real estate whatsoever, or to do or exercise any worldly labor, business, or work of his ordinary calling, except the conveying by land or water of passengers, with their baggage, and Her Majesty's mail, the selling of drugs and medicines, and other works of necessity and charity."

Sunday excursions are also prohibited.

Hon. Mr. Davie's amendment to the provincial home act provides that a man to obtain admission to the home must have been a bona fide resident of the province for a period of at least fifteen years immediately preceding the time of application for admission, and domiciled elsewhere than in a municipality.

An act to amend the land registry act provides that where any instrument in the nature of a bond, agreement for sale or lease, is registered as a charge over any real estate, and it appears from the terms of such instrument that the same has expired and become void and of no effect between the parties thereto, it shall be lawful for the registrar, upon the application of the owner of such real estate, to cause to be served upon the application of the owner of such charge a notice, a form for which is given in the act. If no objection is made within the time limited in the notice the registrar may cancel the charge. If there is an objection he is to take the evidence of the parties and cancel the charge or not as he sees fit. The registrar shall receive, for the use of Her Majesty while taking evidence as aforesaid, the sum of two dollars for every hour, and the sum of one dollar for every adjournment.

A bill making some very material changes in the land act was introduced yesterday by Hon. Mr. Martin. It provides that any pre-emptor of unsurveyed lands shall have it surveyed within five years from the date of the pre-emption record. Power is given the assistant Commissioner of lands and works, when instructed by the chief commissioner, to hear, settle and determine the rights of adverse claimants to land. Heretofore this had to be done by the chief commissioner himself. The question dealing with installments of land is amended by inserting a provision that all installments which are not paid on or before the date herein provided shall bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, and overdue installments, together with interest, may be accepted by the commissioner in lieu of and at any time before the cancellation of the record.

All arrears upon pre-emptions or purchases outstanding on the (date of assent) may either be dealt with by the commissioner under section 36 of the land act, or may be accepted by him in five equal instalments, together with interest on the unpaid balance at the rate of six per cent. per annum, the first instalment, together with interest from the (date of assent), to become due and be paid on or before the 31st day of December, 1895.

Section 28 of the Consolidated act is made to read: "28. Any person who has acquired or may acquire a right to any crown lands shall be governed by and shall complete his title thereto under the provisions of the act or acts under which the land was taken up, in the same manner as if the said acts were in force, and the provisions of any subsequent amending acts, whether imposing further conditions, or relieving from conditions then existing, or relating to procedure, shall not, except as is specially provided in any such amending act, apply to the lands to which a right may have been so acquired.

The rental of unsurveyed timber lands is increased from ten to fifteen cents an acre, arrears to bear interest at the rate of five per cent. per annum, provided, that when the lessee becomes the owner of a properly equipped saw mill appurtenant to the leasehold and capable of cutting not less than one thousand feet of lumber in inch boards per day of 12 hours for each and every four hundred acres of land included in such lease, the annual rental shall be reduced to ten cents per acre.

A Great Battle

Is continually going on in the human system. The demon of impure blood strives to gain the victory over the constitution, to ruin health, to drag the victim to the grave. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the weapon with which to defend one's self, drive the desperate enemy from the field, and restore bodily health for many years.

HOOD'S PILLS cure nausea, sickness, indigestion and biliousness. 25c.

Gus de Smith—California is a perfect paradise. I'm an enthusiast on the subject of California. I dream of California at nights. I could write poems about the grand scenery.

Pete Amsterdam—Were you ever there?

De Smith—No, but the girl I'm going to marry has most of her money invested in California mining stock.—Texas Siftings.

WRECK OF A PIONEER.

The Steamer California, the First to Enter San Francisco Bay.

The timbers of the first steamship that brought the first crowd of eager passengers in search of gold to California are strewn along the beach near Pacasmayo, on the coast of Peru, and with er destruction goes one of the most prominent relics of the California pioneers of '49.

Just twenty years ago the steamer wore out her usefulness, and she was sold to Captain N. Bichard, who spent about $45,000 converting her into a bark. For many years she carried lumber from Puget sound ports to Australia in command of Captain Charles Davis, but in time her timbers became too weak for long ocean voyages, and she was put in the coasting trade. About three years ago she was laid up and became one of the most prominent hulks in the harbor at Tiburon. Recently lumber carrying vessels became scarce, and the old California was taken from her resting place and sent up to Port Hadlock to load lumber for Salaverry, Peru. It was while on this voyage that she was driven ashore and became a total wreck. Her crew managed to get ashore.

The California was really not the first steamer to enter San Francisco bay. The old Beaver, whose ribs lie bleaching in the surf near the entrance to Burrard inlet, on the shores of which Vancouver now stands, was the pioneer, but that was long before San Francisco was known to the world, and its appearance in the bay created little stir among the few inhabitants.

The steamship California was a wonder in its day and it was a masterpiece of marine architecture. She was launched in 1848 in New York for the Pacific Mail steamship company that had been organized a few months previously, and she was not designed for the tremendous traffic that fell to her lot. When gold had not been discovered in the state the California was intended to carry the mails from the Columbia river to Panama, and with the steamers Oregon and Panama, sister vessels, inaugurated a monthly service.

The three steamers were built at about the same time under the supervision of Captain William Skiddle, a naval constructor in the employ of the United States government. The California was the first one on the stocks, and when she began to assume proportions the Pacific Mail company, then not as wealthy as now, began to realize that they would never be able to complete such a large vessel, and the government was induced to aid them on condition that the steamers would be used for war purposes if the emergency should arise. With this understanding the plans of the steamers were altered somewhat to give them extra strength and nothing but live oak was used in their construction.

The Panama was the first one of the fleet to start for California, but she broke down before going far and was obliged to return for repairs. In the meantime the California started, and while she was on the way around the Horn the gold fever broke out. When Panama was reached a great crowd of eager passengers that had crossed the isthmus were waiting for her to transport them to the land of gold. Fabulous prices were given for the few berths on the steamer and almost any sum was offered for the privilege for a few feet of space on the decks. On February 1, 1849, the steamer came in through the Heads, and an eager, mad rush of her passengers was commenced for the mines.

Captain Cleveland A. Forbes was in command of her when she left New York but at Valparaiso he was taken ill and Captain Marshall was appointed to take his place. He brought the steamer to her destination, but he caught the fever from his passengers, and like them rushed for the hills in search of a fortune. Captain Forbes again took command, and his brother, A. R. Forbes, who is now manager of the Mutual Life Insurance company, was given the position of purser. Captain Forbes was relieved by Commander Thomas A. Budd, of the United States navy, and he continued in command almost up to the time she was removed from service as a steamer.

The last trip the California made as a steamer was on February 28, 1874, when she took the pioneers who came to California in her on her first trip round the bay on an excursion.

The California was not only dear to the pioneers of the state from the fact of being the first regular steamer to enter the port, but it was the pioneer steamship that had the honor of conveying the intelligence from the capital that the state had been admitted into the union.

The steamer was 225 feet long, 31 feet beam, 18 feet depth of hold, and she registered about 1100 tons. Her paddle wheels were driven by a side lever engine of about one thousand horse power, and was so constructed that the working beam, instead of being placed above the deck was down almost level with the keel.

The two sister ships of the California have long been broken up.—Examiner.

PLEASANT NEWS FOR MARINERS.

Office of Medical Health Officer at Port Townsend Abolished.

Port Townsend, Jan. 22.—Another lucrative office, which in recent years netted the incumbents an annual salary of $3000, has been practically abolished, and shipping men are elated over the fact. Heretofore it has been customary for the collector of customs to exact a bill of health signed by the Puget sound health officer from all vessels arriving from foreign territory before permitting them to enter. Lately he changed his ruling, and now only the government quarantine officer's certificate is required, and that only from vessels arriving from other than contiguous territory.

All of this is the outcome of the law suit between T. M. Baldwin and L. T. Seavey, two rival health officers. A new board of health was appointed, which sought to depose Baldwin and appoint Seavey. The former resisted, and a suit at law followed, which was ultimately decided in favor of Seavey. In the meantime, however, the two doctors were unable to agree upon a disposition of the fees, and the steamers refused to pay either until the suit was ended. By that time the bill had grown so large that the steamship companies investigated the law, and became convinced that they could not be compelled to pay the charges, and for that reason decided to abide by the verbal agreement. At this point the collector of customs stepped in and decided that inasmuch that the Puget sound board of health did not pretend to examine vessels at any of the sub-ports that he would not hereafter, in the absence of contagion in British Columbia, exact a local health officer's certificate.

THE FIGHT IS ON.

Pacific Coast Steamship Co. After the Opposition Line to Alaska.

Superintendent Johnson, of the Pacific Coast Steamship company, yesterday, by announcing a special passenger rate to Juneau, precipitated a war rate between his company and the opposition steamer Chilkat, says yesterday's Post-Intelligencer. The special rate will be: Cabin passage, $20; steerage, $10. This is indeed a cut rate, the former rates being: cabin, $52.50; steerage, $32.

The reason for the cut is the encroachment of the Chilkat upon the business of the Pacific Coast steamship company. Mr. Johnson, in a talk yesterday with a Post-Intelligencer reporter, said:

"We have operated steamers on the Alaska route for years at a loss, and as soon as we succeed in building up a paying business some one else jumps in and tries to take our profits. The Chilkat commenced the fight by cutting rates and competing for our customers, consequently we are meeting their rates and going them one better. We are in this fight to stay, and if the present rate will not capture the travel we will come down another notch. We are going to have the travel if we have to pay premiums to passengers to induce them to ride with us."

What are the possibilities of the war extending to the San Francisco route?"

"Well, our blood is up, and you cannot tell what a man will do when it is, so it possible, very possible, that the war will extend to the San Francisco route."

When J. G. Carroll, the agent of the Chilkat, was spoken to about the war, he said:

"We have made no cut in rates, with the exception that we are meeting the present cut of the Pacific coast company, and will continue doing so as long as it cuts rates. We can stand the light as long as they can, and we are in the business to stay."

PYRAMIDS OF SERPANTS.

The Queer Sight Seen in Guiana by a German Traveler.

A German traveler and naturalist describes a spectacle he once witnessed in the savannahs of Isacubo, in Guiana, which he well characterizes as "the most wonderful and terrible" that can be seen. "We were ten men on horseback, two of whom took the lead in order to sound the passages, while I preferred to skirt the great forests. One of the blacks who formed the vanguard returned full gallop and called to me:

"'Here, sir, come and see serpents in a pile!' He pointed out something elevated in the middle of the savannah which appeared like a bundle of arms. One of my company then said: 'This is certainly one of those assemblages of serpents which heap themselves on each other after a violent tempest. I have heard of these but have never seen any. Let us proceed cautiously and not get too near.' When we were within twenty paces of it the terror of our horses prevented our nearer approach, to which, however, none of us were inclined. Suddenly the pyramidal mass became agitated. Horrible hissings issued from it, thousands of serpents rolled spirally on each other, shot forth out of the circle their hideous heads, presenting their envenomed darts and fiery eyes to us.

"I own I was one of the first to draw back; but when I saw that this formidable phalanx remained at its post, and appeared to be more disposed to defend itself than to attack us, I rode round it in order to view its order of battle, facing the enemy on every side. I then thought what could be the design of this numerous assemblage, and I concluded that this species of serpent dreaded some terrible enemy, which might be the great serpent, or the cayman and that they reunited themselves after having seen their enemy, in order to resist or attack him in a mass."

Anæmic Women

with pale or sallow complexions, or suffering from skin eruptions or scrofulous blood, will find quick relief in Scott's Emulsion. All of the stages of Emaciation, and a general decline of health, are speedily cured.

Scott's Emulsion

takes away the pale, haggard look that comes with General Debility. It enriches the blood, stimulates the appetite, creates healthy flesh and brings back strength and vitality. For Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Weak Lungs, Consumption and Wasting Diseases of Children.

Send for our pamphlet. Mailed FREE.

Scott & Bowne, Belleville. All Druggists. 50c. & $1.

Latest From Japan

LARGE CONSIGNMENT

(Comprising many Styles, Colors and Designs) of

Hand-Made Japanese Rugs.

These Rugs should find a place in your Dining Room, Hall, or some "odd corner" in your Reception Room.

Suitable for any part of the house.

WEILER BROS.,

.....51 to 55 Fort Street.

MUNICIPAL.

NOTICE.

Bastion Street, from Langley to Wharf, is closed to traffic till further notice.

By order,

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

oc9-tf

NOTICE.

King's Road, between Douglas and First Streets, is closed to public traffic till further notice.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

December 14, 1894. dec14

NOTICE.

Fort Street, between Wharf and Langley Streets, is closed to public traffic till further notice.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Victoria, Dec. 12, 1894. dec13

NOTICE.

Pembroke Street, between Douglas and Blanchard Streets, is closed to public traffic till further notice.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

December 27th, 1894.

NOTICE.

Douglas Street, from Pembroke Street to King's Road, is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

oc8-tf

Popular Approval

is accorded ADAMS' TUTTI FRUTTI. It strengthens digestion wonderfully.

Allow no imitations to be palmed off on you.

WANTED HELP! Man or Woman in every locality (local or traveling) to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment. Commission or salary $65.00 per month and expenses, and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars, write World Medical Electric Co., London, Ont., Can.

RUPTURE More CURES have been effected by my Truss than by all other devices combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected that has been fully equal to personal examination by mail. 97 patents to overcome Ill-luck from **DEFORMITY**. CHARLES CLUTHE, 186 King St. W., Toronto.

Agents: Langley & Co., Druggists, Victoria, B. C.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at its next sitting, to be held in March, 1895, for a transfer to Ross James Ferguson of the license now held by me to sell spirituous liquors by retail upon the premises known as The Gordon Hotel, situate on Johnson street, in the City of Victoria.

ALEX. HENDRY.

Dated this 18th day of December, 1894. d7-1m

ESTATE OF M. B. LANG, DECEASED.

Sale by Tender

Sealed tenders at a rate on the dollar are invited for the purchase of the whole of the stock-in-trade (consisting of Groceries, Hardware, Dry Goods, and stock-in-trade of a General Merchant) belonging or appertaining to the business lately carried on by Margaret Boyce Lang, deceased, situate at Golden, B.C. Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to the 1st day of February, 1895. Particulars and all other information may be obtained upon application to the undersigned. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

A. C. FLUMERFELT,
Victoria, B.C.,
Administrator of the Estate of M. S. Lang, deceased. d28-1m

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada at the next session thereof for an act to incorporate a Benefit Society to be called "The Canadian Order of Foresters," with its head office at the City of Brantford, Ontario, with power to insure the members thereof and to establish subordinate Courts of Foresters throughout the Dominion of Canada.

Dated at Brantford, the 26th day of November, A.D. 1894.

HARDY, WILKES & HARDY,
d11-6w Solicitors for Applicants.

Quesnelle Quartz Mining Company, Ltd

NOTICE

Is hereby given that at a meeting of the directors of the above company held on November 30th, 1894, an assessment of one fourth of one cent per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company payable forthwith to W. A. Johnston, secretary, at the companies' office, Quesnelle, B.C. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 15th day of January, 1895, shall be deemed delinquent and dealt with accordingly. By order of the Board of Directors.

W. A. JOHNSTON, Sec.

Quesnelle, B. C., Nov. 30th, 1894. d7-6w-d&w

The date of payment of above amount has been extended until February 15th, 1894.

By order of the Board of Directors.

j15-1m-d&w W. A. JOHNSTON, Sec.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between Harold Bruce Findley and Albert Richard Baker has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

Dr. Baker will continue the business and assume all liabilities and collect all accounts due the late firm.

HAROLD BRUCE FINDLEY.
ALBERT RICHARD BAKER.

Witness—
HALLET BAILEY.

Victoria, B. C., January 10th, 1895.

DAIRYMEN.

The annual meeting of the Dairymen's Association will be held in the Board of Trade rooms, Victoria, on Wednesday, January 30th, 1895, at 10 o'clock a.m.

All interested in this important industry are requested to be present.

Special rates of passage are being arranged.

A. H. B. MACGOWAN, Secretary.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

The Buyer

Who wants Choice Turkeys and Geese at the lowest price will call at THE EASTERN PORK AND PROVISION STORE, No. 13 City Market.

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN)

Removed to 199 Johnson Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Flumerfelt, Gorge Road.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

A specific monthly medicine for ladies to restore, and regulate the menses, producing free, healthy and painless menstruation. No stops of pain in regards. Now used by over 10,000 ladies. Once used, will use again. Invigorates them organs. Buy of your druggist only those with our signature upon face of label. Avoid substitutes. Sealed particulars mailed in stamp. $1.00 per box. Address, ANDREA CHEMICAL COMPANY, Detroit, Mich.

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESSFUL REMEDY OF 30 YEARS' USE

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

PLANTA ARRESTED.

The Fleeing Nanaimo Magistrate Captured at Seattle an Hour After Arriving.

He is Willing to Return to British Columbia and Go to the Penitentiary.

Seattle, Jan. 23.—Joseph P. Planta, the fleeing magistrate from British Columbia, who is wanted in Nanaimo, was captured here last night by Detective Hart, who found the fugitive in a lodging house near the Windsor. Planta made no resistance and expressed his willingness to return to British Columbia without extradition papers. He refused to be interviewed. The capture was made on a description sent Chief Rogers by Superintendent F. Hussey. The dispatch also stated that Planta's son Walter, who went away with his father, was wanted as an accessory. Planta admitted to Detective Hart that he was the man wanted and said he might as well give up for he had but little money left and when that was gone he might starve; his life was practically ended and he might as well spend the rest of his days in the penitentiary as anywhere. To Chief Rogers he admitted his peculations. Planta had only been in town about an hour when he was arrested. Planta intended to go south on the evening train last night.

Nanaimo, Jan. 22.—The Planta investigation proceedings were adjourned until Saturday and Mr. Bodwell left for Victoria to-day.

At the meeting yesterday several important points were brought out, which tended to further increase public interest in the proceedings. The papers of the absconder, which were left in the hands of his son, have been turned over to the court. There is now a general belief that Mr. Planta will be shown to be short $10,000 or over, but it is not believed that he will be found to have done anything criminal although the great laxity of the system under which he worked and the slipshod character of the judicial proceedings for which he was responsible will tell hard against him and against those who made such a condition of things possible. Planta's assignment to C. C. Mackenzie was dated Jan. 15, but the deed was only handed over to the assignee about the time of the insolvent's disappearance.

Philip Ross, teamster, testified that the police had arrested his boys, and that he was told by Constables Gibbs, Brown and O'Connell that if he paid some money they would be released. He placed the matter in the hands of Mr. McInnes. He had received $50 about a year ago from Mr. W. W. B. McInnes. Nothing was said at the time as to where it came from. He understood that it was in connection with the matter placed in Mr. McInnes' hands, though Mr. McInnes did not tell him any particulars. He supposed it was a return of the fines imposed on account of his sons.

In reply to Mr. McInnes Philip Ross said he remembered having given him (McInnes) instructions to prosecute Mr. Planta in his son's (John David) name.

Wm. Marshall gave evidence as to Mr. Planta's offering to pay $500 and dismiss Constable Giggs if the suit against him were dropped. C. C. McKenzie deposed that as Planta's agent he had endeavored to persuade Ross to drop his case on condition of paying all costs and fees. He did not succeed. T. R. E. McInnes was examined, but refused to answer questions relating to moneys received from Planta, pleading a solicitor's privilege. He also refused to say whether he drew up the deed of assignment.

S. Gough recalled, was asked by Judge Harrison how it was that the city used the old court house as a city police court. Mr. Gough did not know, except that it had been the custom for a number of years.

To Mr. Bodwell, Mr. Gough said there was a minute in the council reports of May 19th, 1891, to the fact that Mr. Planta's appointment as police magistrate without a salary was recommended. Mr. Planta's appointment in that capacity in 1892 was also on the minutes.

Mr. Gough gave other testimony in proof of the contention that during the years 1891, '92 and '93 Mr. Planta was acting as police magistrate.

To Judge Harrison—Was Mr. Planta ever paid the $1,000 salary? A.—Yes.

Q.—Who paid him? A.—I did.

Q.—How? A.—In cash.

By Mr. Bodwell—Did he pay it you back? A.—I don't know what you mean.

Judge Harrison—Did Mr. Planta give you the money back? A.—I borrowed $600 from him.

By Mr. Bodwell—On the same day? A.—Yes; I gave him security for it. I suppose there was no harm in that.

Mr. Bodwell—No; it was rather a curious coincidence.

There being no more evidence forthcoming, Judge Harrison adjourned proceedings until Saturday morning at 11 o'clock, all witnesses subpoenaed being released from further attendance.

DOGS, PET STOCK, POULTRY.

The Local Show Begins Next Tuesday in the Market Hall.

The dog, poultry and pet stock show opens on Tuesday morning next in the market hall. The entries close on Saturday. The probability is that the exhibition will be very fine. The entries in all classes of dogs and pet stock are many, and under the excellent management of Sam Matson in the dog department and B. R. Moore in the pet stock and poultry department exhibitors need not fear that anything amiss will befall their exhibits. The judging will take place at 10 o'clock on Tuesday morning. The judges are Rev. Mr. Christmas, Saanich; Hedley Chapman, Victoria; Carrall E. Hughes and Henry S. Ball, Portland. The management wish it understood that the dogs must be brought to the judges' room. Wednesday will be school children's day, and the little ones can enjoy the show for the small sum of ten cents. Entrance fees for pet stock are placed at 25 cents, and for dogs at 50 cents. Entry forms may be secured by application at Morris' cigar store, Government street, and from W. C. Chambers, the secretary of the association.

The officers of the association are: President, Lieut.-Governor Dewdney; vice-president, Mr. George Jay, jr.; hon. secretary, Mr. W. C. Chambers; hon. treasurer, Mr. W. J. McKeon; superintendent of poultry, Mr. B. B. Moore; superintendent of dogs, Mr. S. Matson; judge of poultry, Mr. Henry S. Ball; judge of dogs, large breeds, Mr. H. H. Chapman; setters, Mr. C. E. Hughes; terriers and small dogs, Rev. T. G. Christmas; hon. veterinary surgeon, Dr. Hamilton, M. R. C. V. S.

Everything is in shipshape order for the show, which promises to excel any previous show of the kind in the Queen City.

Brief Locals.

—Mayor Teague has called a special meeting of the council for Thursday evening. The meeting will be held in the committee room. The object of the special session has not yet been stated.

—Mrs. A. T. Watt will lecture at St. Ann's convent to-morrow afternoon, delivering the last of her series of lectures. Thackeray and his works will furnish the subject matter of the lecture. A week from to-morrow Mrs. Watt will review the entire course. Both lectures will be very interesting.

—As the proper production of "Said Pasha" will require the entire stage room available in the Victoria theatre this evening it has been found necessary to make some changes in the order of things. The performance, therefore, will open as usual with the overture by the orchestra to be followed immediately by living pictures. The solo by Prof. Egry will then be given after which the performance of "Said Pasha" will be commenced.

—A suit of clothes and an overcoat were stolen from the Brunswick hotel yesterday afternoon. Peter Joe and Frank Bob, two Indians, were arrested by Constable Walker while in the act of pawning the clothes at Aronson's on Johnson street. They were booked for having stolen property in their possession. They claimed to have bought the property from a white man last night, and the police are inclined to believe their story. An effort will be made to arrest the man. The case will be heard in the police court in the morning.

SHE CAN RUN A LOCOMOTIVE.

A Society Woman Possesses This Unique Accomplishment.

Mrs. Alfred Bishop Mason enjoys the proud distinction of being the only society woman in the United States who can take out a locomotive. She doesn't do it very often, for her husband is vice-president of a southern railroad line and doesn't care to have his wife compete with his employes, but the knowledge that she has this remarkable accomplishment is a great delight to her.

From her girlhood Mrs. Mason has been interested in machinery, and it was among her youthful ambitions to be able to run a locomotive. She began by gaining the engineer's permission to sit in his cab, not doing anything but familiarizing herself with the swing and the work required for its movements. When she was able to sit with her face towards the wind peering out into the darkness that rushed by, and half blinded by the glare from the great fires when the furnace doors swung open, she felt that she was attaining the summit of earthly greatness.

Her next lesson was learned at the whistle. Then came the bell cord, and soon these two functions were left entirely to her hands.

As a train drew up at a station in Florida, where Mrs. Mason was waiting, the engineer and fireman immediately made room for her. She knew every one by name on the different locomotives and they all knew her. Proud was the engineer when his cab contained the wife of the vice-president.

In time she mastered the more difficult tasks, those that require nerve and skill, and she could take an engine from the Atlantic to the Gulf of Mexico as well as an old engineer; and these latter were very proud of her. One of the oldest men on the road remarked to her once:

"Whenever your husband gets out of a job, Mrs. Mason, just come down here and we'll put you 'up in the union.'"—New York World.

Little Dick—I wish I was a Quaker.

Aunt—What a notion! Why?

Little Dick—When I fight a littler boy than me everybody says I ought to be 'shamed, and when I fight a bigger boy I get licked.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

PROFESSOR LOOMIS DEAD.

An Eminent Man Dies of Acute Pneumonia in New York.

New York, Jan. 23.—Rev. Alfred Lee Loomis, professor of the practice of medicine in the medical department of the university of the city of New York, and physician in Bellevue hospital, died at his residence, 17 West Thirty-fourth street, this morning, of acute lobar pneumonia. Dr. Loomis was one of the best known members of the medical profession in the world. He was president of the New York academy of medicine, the New York pathological society and the medical society of the state of New York and the American climatological society.

A NEW DISCOVERY.

Syncope Will now be Cured by a Novel Method.

A young Italian doctor has published a pamphlet, recommending the operation of firmly holding the tongue of persons taken with syncope as a sure means of restoring life. The tongue can be held fast by means of wrapping a cloth on it, and must then be drawn backward and forward with a rhythmical motion. The doctor describes a case in which he thus succeeded in restoring life. A young man, while bathing, was surprised by a wave and drowned. After a quarter of an hour he was taken out of the water, and every effort made to revive him. Two doctors for more than an hour used all their resources in vain. The young man seemed to be dead. Then the doctor arrived who reports the facts, and, asking for a spoon, thrust it into the back of the mouth, seized the tongue and worked it violently. Shortly after the patient gave a breath, and a little later vomited water. The operation was continued; the breathing became gradually more frequent. Meanwhile, cloths dipped in almost boiling water had been placed over the chest of the patient, and the extremities were rubbed vigorously. After half an hour thus employed the heart began to beat, the face gained a little color, and the patient brightened. But the patient still needed careful attention four hours more to completely recover from his long syncope. The doctor hopes that this simple mode of restoring life should be adopted at all places on the sea where life saving apparatus is used. But even when no such arrangements are ready, anyone can try the tongue pulling process, and procure hot water for the application of heat.

WOMEN IN COREA.

Her Lot Not Enviable, According to Our Ideas of Comfort.

In all Oriental countries the position of women is unenviable, but in Corea she has little more importance than an animal or an article of furniture. She is satisfied, too, with her subjugation. Her severe training has so molded her for generations that she not only submits herself to her mode of life, but she even considers her sacrifice a privilege.

Marriage is the chief end of her existence as it is among many more civilized classes; in fact, it is the sole object of her creation. When a girl is born she is not even dignified by a name. Several names are written on slips of paper and placed in an urn before some favorite deity, and when it is necessary her godfather selects one without seeing it and she is known by it until she reaches womanhood; strangers designate her as the wife, mother, sister, or daughter of such or such a man. This is not merely the result of custom. The laws are strict in this matter, and hold a woman of little less consequence than a domestic animal.

In the higher classes of society the girls are separated from the boys of the family at the age of 7 years. They occupy the apartments of women (and are forbidden to communicate with anyone on the outside. Following the moral precept of Confucius to the letter, it is regarded sinful for persons of different sexes to live together in the same household.

These girls learn to read, write, cipher, and to do different kinds of handiwork, at which they are very skillful. They also study morality, poetry, and devote much time to the observance of ceremonies which accompany even the common acts of life. They seldom go out to receive company. Later in life they are not allowed to eat with any male member of the family or appear at any receptions.

All these precautions do not prevent occasional clandistine love affairs, but the most violent passion only shows itself by signs and gestures. A father has the right to kill his daughter if she allows any man to touch her hand. From this it follows that all courtship is done by intermediates. The names of the parties are even withheld from each other. As soon as her engagement has been made the young Corean girl is more secluded than ever; only her parents and sisters may approach her.

When the marriage day arrives her father, whose claim to her is slight, as he is only her guardian, or trainer, rather, says to her: "As soon as you cross the threshold of your father's house a new life will commence for you. You must obey your husband and his parents in all things." There is no question of dowry. A Corean would think it a disgrace to gain anything from a woman. Still, if a girl is undesirable, her husband is sometime bought for her.

The bride-elect is dressed entirely in white silk; her outer robe is richly embroidered also in white. In the afternoon of the wedding day the pair are introduced to each other for the first time, and the families with their guests sit down to a banquet. The rooms are lavishly decorated, and the repast is delicate but plentiful. Intoxicating liquors are very rare, but fragrant teas take their place. The guests dip their fine porcelain cups in a bowl of water after drinking their tea, then exchange with their neighbors.

If the groom be disappointed in the object of his choice, the marriage is at once annulled. After the wane of the honeymoon the husband seldom converses familiarly with his wife. She always addresses him as "Sir" and never speaks to him unless first addressed. He never consults with her and has the same authority over her as the father over the daughter.

On the first day after the marriage the young Corean dons black clothes as a symbol of his change of life, and if he is noble he pardons all criminals on his estate. On the second day he goes with his wife to the temple to invoke the blessings of the gods; on the third day he takes his wife for a farewell visit to her father's house. After that she neither goes out, receives company, nor even looks out of the window without her husband's permission.

If her husband dies she devotes herself entirely to his parents, and if she has a son she obeys him as she does her father-in-law, her husband, her father, or her brother. She may be divorced if she becomes an invalid.

This barbarous condition offers little encouragement to European civilization. These people have all the conceit of their neighbors, the Chinese, and have the most profound contempt for Europeans, whom they consider slaves of their wives; the depth of degradation in their estimation.—American Women's Review.

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But you say you cannot afford to buy a new one. Now we are going to sell them at such prices that you can't afford to wear a shabby Coat.

Some that were $22.00	Now	$16.00
Some that were $20.00	Now	13.50
Some that were $18.00	Now	12.50
Some that were $16.00	Now	11.00
Some that were $10.00	Now	10.00
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It is seldom happens that such goods are found in the company of such prices, and as this array of Bargains can't remain long in camp, come early and get your choice.

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Per steamer Charmer from Vancouver—S Tytler, H Howard, Mrs Vincent, J Latimer, Mrs Cudwallader, Miss McDowell, H Cudwallader, W H Rowling, W F Fullerton, D Oppenheimer, Rev P R McEwen, Miss Dawson, R A Anderson, Z G Goldberg, C Ross, M D Rainbow, A Nye, Miss Ross, A W Carter, D T O'Neill.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—S M Emery, H S McCormick, Mrs McCormick, F Chandler, J P Adair, Geo Booth, Mrs Booth, Geo E Coukin, W Huntington, F H Dingle.

CONSIGNEES.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—T B & Co, Weiler Bros, E G Prior & Co, Cunningham H Co, Brackman & Ker, Braid & Kelley, W J Cusack, Brunette Milling Co, Jno Parker, Youdall & Sinclair, Agent E E Blackwood, Mrs Clarke, Mrs McNaughton, Geo Morrison, J S McMillan, W J Stoddart.

Per steamer Charmer from Vancouver—T Brownlee, Wilson Still, W J Banks, G E Jones, Dominion Cartridge Co, E Wall & Co, E Von Norman, Pell & Co, G Monro, Ham Powder Co, Johns Bros, T R Hesketh, San Francisco, R H Jamieson, W Blackie, W J Cline, R P Rithet, Dom Exp Co.

Per steamer Umatilla from San Francisco—A Nelson, Albion Iron Works Co, Blasdger & Co, D H Ross & Co, E J Salmon, E B Marvin & Co, Erskine Wall & Co, Fred Carne Jr, Geo L Courtney, Gam Fook Yuen, Hudson Bay Co, Jas A Cohen, Jno Barnsley & Co, Joe Sommers, Langley & Co, N H Adams, order Cutting Packing Co, On Wing, P McQuade & Son, R Maynard, R P Rithet & Co, Sere & Co, Speed Bros, Simon Leiser, S Leiser & Co, F Bradburn, T H Tye & Co, Tai Fong Twong Kee, Tong Lee, W Bros, Wah Yuen, Yuen Lung, Yet Long.

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Use Gibbon's Tootache gum, sold druggists.

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AUCTION

FURNITURE, ETC.

Thursday, January 24, at 11 a.m.

I have been instructed by owner to sell on the premises, corner of Johnson and Vancouver streets, the contents of a seven-room house, consisting of parlor, dining-room, bedrooms and kitchen, consisting of black walnut parlor suite, fine oil paintings and pictures, Brussels carpets, rugs, whatnot and ornaments, hall hat rack, carpet, extension table, chairs, blinds and curtains, pictures, clock cutlery, crockery, fancy stove and pipe, carpet, walnut table, sideboard, lamps, etc. The furnishings of three bedrooms—1 oak bedroom suite, 1 double suite (pine), 3 single bedsteads, mattresses, chairs, chamber sets, blankets, bedding, stove, etc. Range (No. 8) with hot water connections, cooking utensils, crockery, tinware, table, chairs, meat safe, coal.

One good top buggy and single harness.

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Cunard Line, Lucania	Jan. 26
Cunard Line, Etruria	Feb. 2
American Line, Chester	Jan. 30
American Line, Paris	Feb. 6
White Star Line, Majestic	Jan. 30
White Star Line, Adriatic	Feb. 6
North Ger. Lloyd, Ems	Jan. 29
North Ger. Lloyd, Lahn	Feb. 5
Anchor Line, Anchoria	Jan. 26
Anchor Line, Circassia	Feb. 9
Red Star Line, Belgenland	Jan. 29
Red Star Line, Rhynland	Feb. 18
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